



Our Regular Prices on GROCERIES

are as follows:

10 lbs. Lard	\$1.95
1 lb. Braid's Best Coffee	.55
4 lbs. Raspberry Jam	.65
3 pkgs. Garden Seeds	.25
2 lbs. Peanut Butter	.40
2 cans Vegetable Soup	.25
1 pkg. Golden West Washing Powder	.30
4 pkgs. Jelly Powder	.25
1 Tall Can Sockeye Salmon	.39

See Our Special Sheet For Special Prices

Red & White Store

Owned and Operated by

Acadia Produce Co.

G. W. RUDKUT

GEO. E. AITKEN

Power Farming CONFERENCE

TO BE HELD IN

Chinook, Tuesday, March 10th

Commencing at 10.30 a.m.

Motion Pictures, Discussion, and Mechanical Demonstrations, Conducted by Specialists of Ford Motor Company of Canada, Limited

COOLEY BROS.

Phone 10, Chinook

Heathdale Happenings

Mr. and Mrs. O. D. Harrington and family were guests Sunday at the A. Erickson home.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Wilson and family and Miss G. Laidlaw were supper guests last Tuesday evening at the W. Anderson home.

On account of the strict immigration law, Mr. and Mrs. J. Hess, after consulting the American consul at Calgary, were unable to cross the border into the United States, so decided to return to the Heathdale district. While in Calgary Mr. and Mrs. Hess visited at H. W. Cornwell's, and on the return trip visited with Mr. and Mrs. Horne of Rockyford. They arrived back Saturday afternoon to the surprise of all.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Naylor entertained a number of friends to bridge Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Haggerty and Mrs. Neal visited Sunday at W. Anderson's.

L. B. Allen and Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Allen and family visited at the home of H. Dunster Sunday.

A. Carlson, of Coliholme, spent Monday visiting in the Heathdale district.

There was a very large gathering at Coliholme school on Saturday, at the U.F.A. meeting, to hear the debate, "Is the present system preferable to prohibition?" Although we don't agree with all that was said, it was well worth hearing. The next meeting will be at Cloverleaf school Saturday, March 14th, at 7.30 p.m. The subject for discussion, "A hundred per cent pool." Come and express your ideas. Lunch will be served.

Rearville News

The ratepayers of Rearville held their annual meeting on Saturday, Feb. 28th, in the Langford school. There was a large turnout. H. E. Robinson was re-elected councillor, this being his third term of office.

Florence Forgie left on Tuesday for Youngstown, where she will attend high school, taking Grade IX.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Forgie and Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Spreiter were guests on Sunday at the home of Robt. Holder.

The wonderful weather still continues and some of the farmers around Rearville are on the land picking rocks and burning weeds, getting ready for spring work.

A few from this district attended the concert and dance held at Blood Indian school on Friday.

Miss Marcy spent the weekend at the home of her parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Osterberg and Raymond were dinner guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Strand on Sunday.

John McKinnon attended the card party and dance at Clemens on Friday night.

Mrs. Geo. Nicholson visited at the home of Mrs. Wilton on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Robinson, of Chinook, spent Sunday at T. N. Mason's.

A road meeting was held at Langford school on Saturday. It was very well attended and H. E. Robinson was again elected foreman.

A number from this district were at Clemens on Friday.

Mother, Father and Daughter Banquet

The C.G.I.T. group held their annual "Mother, Father and Daughter Banquet" Saturday evening, February 28th, in the church. The group, who call themselves "The Pals," though not very large, is energetic, and the girls forming themselves into committees, carried everything through, decorating, catering, etc., in a first class manner. The tables were prettily decorated with brightly colored streamers from the ceiling, lighting being entirely done by candles. The place cards were shamrocks. Covers were laid for 26. At 8 o'clock the chair was taken by the president, Betty Milligan. Miss Emes, leader, then gave an address of welcome to the parents and visitors, then the girls, standing, said the C.G.I.T. grace. A bounteous supper was then served. The Rev. J. D. Woollett, pastor of the church, and Mrs. Woollett were present as guests, also Mrs. Isbister, who has taught for many years in the Sunday school (with which the group is affiliated) and Mr. Isbister.

After supper the following programme was presented: The C.G.I.T. hymn. Toast to the mothers by Eileen Bjork, responded to by Mrs. Bayley. Song, "Mother Machree" Round, "Rheumatism" Talk by Mr. Woollett, "The C.G.I.T. and Religion" Song, "If she had a sunny smile" and "Are you a camel?" Toast to the fathers by Mabel Gilbertson. Reply by H. Synnuck.

Contest singing, by the Group. Address, "Our common interest," by Mrs. Isbister. Contest singing, by the girls. Address, The C.G.I.T. and its aims, by Betty Milligan. Closing song, "Follow the Glean" After the tables were cleared various games were played, under the direction of Eunice Bowd, one of the games committee, prizes in these being awarded to Mrs. Woollett and Mr. Milligan in one contest, and to Mrs. Rennie and Mr. Woollett in another. The singing of "Taps" brought to a close an evening that was thoroughly enjoyed by everyone present.

Masons Entertain

Last Friday night the members of Crocus Lodge A. F. & A. M. entertained their wives and families at a social evening in the school. Court whist was played at nine tables. Mrs. Dawson held the highest score for the ladies, the prize being a sugar and cream set. Mrs. Hughes, of Cereal, who won the consolation prize, received a pretty cup and saucer. J. C. Cottrell, of Cereal, held the highest score for the men, his prize being a pair of silk hose. Harry Smith, Chinook, received the consolation prize.

After cards a bounteous lunch was served by the men, which was done ample justice to. Then an hour or so of dancing to splendid music by A. V. Youell brought a very happy evening to a close.

A big Irish Concert is being prepared to be given in the school hall on Friday, March 20, under the auspices of the ball club. There will be songs, readings, comic recitations and two plays. Two and three-quarters hours of real fun is promised. A dance will be given after the concert.

The Mail Bag

Regarding Coliholme Municipality
We hear much these days about the capitalist government, wheat pool, etc. How about the Coliholme municipality? At the annual meeting last Saturday quite a lot of criticism was heard regarding the councillors breaking the law, that is a councillor can not do any road work and receive pay. All except the reeve received sums from \$40 to over \$300. It was pointed out that the reeve should not have signed the cheques. One councillor's excuse was that he could not get men to run the grader as good as himself. But very few got a chance to try their hand. If they had the councillor might have got the surprise of his life. One taxpayer could not get a job with his tractor, but the councillor did. Others did not get a chance to work on the roads for two years. How true the saying of R. Burns, "Man's inhumanity to man makes countless thousands mourn." Now how far will this state of affairs go this summer? Wait and see! It would be good to remember the golden rule: "As ye would that men should do to you do ye also to them likewise." A Lover of Fair Play.

Coliholme Collections

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Hess, who recently left for California, were unable to cross the line, so they are once again back at home, sweet home.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Duncan and N. D. McKinnon and family spent Sunday afternoon and evening at the home of H. Smith, of Clemens.

The U.F.A. meeting held in the Coliholme school last Saturday attracted a very large crowd, the chief business being ordering oats, plow shares, fence posts, etc. The debate was very interesting on both sides. No decision was made. The next meeting will be at Cloverleaf on Saturday, March 14, at 7.30 p.m.

A meeting of the councillors of the Coliholme Municipality will be held in the Coliholme school on Saturday, March 7th. Ratepayers also may attend this meeting.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Hutchison spent Saturday evening at the home of N. D. Stewart.

The following is a report of the standing of the pupils attending the Swan school in their February tests:

Grade 9—Thelma Taylor 77, Elmer Spreeman 75.
Grade 8—Walter Spreeman 80, Helen Thompson 74, Lila Loughhead 60.
Grade 6—Doris Taylor 82, Russell Laughlin 79, Donald Roy 76.
Grade 5—Chrissie Coutts 92, Donald Anderson 79, Aylmer Thompson 74, Lloyd Loughhead 57, George Loughhead 57.
Grade 4—Calvin Laughlin 63.
Grade 3—Mervin Laughlin 67.
Grade 1—Edith Gordonier 87, Walter Loughhead 79.

The monthly meeting of the Woman's Institute was held on Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Lloyd Robinson, Mrs. Richard Stewart and Mrs. Robinson being joint hostesses. The meeting was to have been held at the home of Mrs. Oscar Nelson, but on account of the illness of her mother she was unable to entertain. The meeting was opened by the president. The secretary then read minutes of last meeting. It was decided to put on a play, and the following committee was appointed to select a play, etc: Mrs. E. E. Jacques, Mrs. Norman Code and acting secretary Mrs. S. H. Smith.

Weekly Specials

Apples, crate, "red apples"	\$1.95
Oranges, good size, 3 doz.	.55
Coffee, Santos, per lb.	.30
Pork and Beans, 3 tins	.38

Many More Bargains On Weekly Circular

New Dress Materials

Fancy Dress Lengths, no two alike	\$1.75
Prints and Gingham, per yd.	19¢
Ladies' Hose, 3 pairs	\$1.00

HURLEY'S

Spring Is Coming

Now would be a good time to look over your Machinery and get your Repair Requirements

Banner Hardware

For the Choicest of Meats

Call and see us. Prime Beef, Pork, Veal and Mutton on hand at all times. Dill Pickles, Sauer Kraut, Fresh and Smoked Fish.

CHINOOK MEAT MARKET

Peyton Pickings

Last Wednesday afternoon Mrs. Geo. Hutchison entertained a number of ladies, the topic of interest being needle work.

The business meeting of the Prairie Rock Club, for the organization of the other meetings for this year, was held last Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. S. W. Warren.

Dick Nicholson and Miss Ida Marcy were supper guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ole Rudy last Friday evening.

Mrs. Fred Hobson entertained a number of dinner guests last Sunday.

The Huggard children have a new go-car with rubber tires and "two-horse" power. They intend bringing the Switzer children to Peyton school with them during May and June.

The Peyton school teacher spent the week end at the Hobson home.

The following are the averages obtained by the Peyton school pupils in the January and February tests:

Grade 2—Annie Bellmont 76, Frances Huggard 66.
Grade 3—Barbara Shier 85, Bruce Hutchison 80.
Grade 4—Jack Shier 73.
Grade 5—Alice Peterson 85, Jean Huggard 68.
Grade 6—Dorothy Robison 80, Ruth Robison 73.
Grade 7—Irene Shier 85, Ernest Peterson 82, Stanley Huggard 63.

Kinmundy

Miss Scales, P. Brockston, and Magnes and Clarence Bjork called at L. Youngren's last Sunday afternoon.

Ethan Hagey is spending the week at the home of G. Reede. We are glad to hear that Alvin Anderson is very much improved.

Quite a number of Kinmundy people were at Wm. Brown's place last Sunday watching Bob Youngren, D. Reede and Clarence Steeger ride steers and bronchos.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Seeger and Mrs. Ed. Donaldson and baby Bessie were dinner guests at the A. Strand home on Monday. A few games of whist was played, Paul Seeger and Mrs. Strand being the winners.

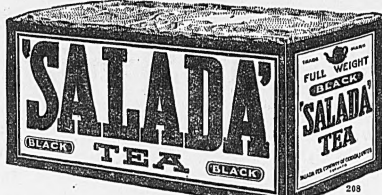
The concert and dance at Blood Indian school last week was a grand success. There was a large crowd present.

The Kinmundy champion whist players, Clarence Seeger and Bob Youngren, are taking a week's holiday. They are going to the Hand Hills.

Grandma Blagen went to the concert and dance at Blood Indian and stayed until all went home. Pretty good for her.

Ewart Duncan has been successful in passing all his examinations at the Calgary Technical school.

Its fine quality has won leadership



Yellow label Salada 60 cts a lb
Brown label Salada 70 cts a lb
 'Fresh from the gardens'

Thrift --- Waste

At the present time people in all walks of life, individuals, corporations, governments, are deeply concerned over the prevailing business depression, unemployment, loss of purchasing power, accumulation of debts. Everywhere people are seeking to learn the primary cause with a view to applying a cure; they are anxious not only to overcome existing conditions, but to ascertain the cause with a view to preventing a recurrence of such conditions.

Some talk learnedly of the world's supply and distribution of gold, which is the basis of all international business. Others complain of over-production, although the more generally accepted view now is that the world suffers not so much from over-production as under-consumption. Enormous war debts imposing heavy taxation on all, are held to be the underlying cause. Restrictive tariffs, shutting off nations and interfering with the free flow of trade, are blamed by others. Faulty and unduly expensive methods of distribution from primary producer and manufacturer to the ultimate consumer are responsible, so others contend.

But when all these, and a multitude of other things are considered and given their due weight, does not the basic cause lie much nearer home for the average individual? Is it not because of a lack of thrift, the indulgence in habits of waste, that many persons find themselves in financial difficulties?

The writer can well imagine the reader saying to himself that the present is not the time to talk about thrift, when people have little or nothing to save and cannot indulge in waste because they have nothing to waste. But, the writer contends, this is, therefore, the most opportune of all times to advocate thrift and condemn waste. It would be a mistake to remain silent until times are booming again, because people then are in no mood to listen. It is when a dollar looms up big, big as ten dollars when times are good and business brisk, that people are more willing to give heed to the benefits of thrift. When money comes easily, it usually goes just as easily, but when it is hard to get we are more inclined to hold on to it.

In his autobiography, the late Edward Bok, the famous editor of "The Ladies' Home Journal," tells how, when he came to America as a lad of six from his native land (the Netherlands), the most wonderful lesson for him was the necessity of thrift. He had already been taught that thrift was one of the fundamentals in a successful life, his family had come from a land noted for its thrift; but, he says, "we had been in the United States only a few days before the realization came home strongly to my father and mother that they had brought their children to a land of waste." Where, says Mr. Bok, the Dutchman saved, the American wasted. There was waste, and the most prodigal waste, on every hand. It was, he says, an easy calculation that what was thrown away in a week's time from Brooklyn homes would feed the poor of the Netherlands.

Continuing, Mr. Bok says: "At school, I quickly learned that to 'save money' was to be stingy," as a young man, I soon found that the American disliked the word 'economy,' and on every hand as plenty grew spending grew. There was literally nothing in American life to teach me thrift or economy; everything to teach me to spend and to waste. I saw men who had earned good salaries in their prime, read the years of incapacity as dependents. I saw families on every hand either living quite up to their means or beyond them; rarely within them. The more a man earned, the more he—or his wife—spent. I saw fathers and mothers and their children dressed beyond their incomes. The proportion of families who ran into debt was far greater than those who saved. When a panic came, the families 'pulled in,' when the panic was over, they 'let out.' But the end of one year found them precisely where they were at the close of the previous year, unless they were deeper in debt."

Is it not true,—we ask the question advisedly,—that many of us are in financial difficulty today because, instead of exercising thrift-when times were good, and putting aside a little against the day when times might not be good, we spent to the limit of our earnings, possibly beyond, in the belief that times would always be good, and now we are in trouble with no reserve to fall back upon? Is it not true that we were wasteful, perhaps not in big things, but in numerous little ways, carelessly expending a dollar here and a dollar there which, if saved, would be a veritable godsend now? In these days of world depression, France has been quoted over and over again as the nation least affected and with the least unemployment than any other great nation. Why? Because the French people are notoriously frugal; they save their pennies; they waste little.

But we in this new world, with far greater natural wealth and wider opportunity, are wasteful, extravagant, spendthrift. And the result, when depression comes and with no reserves, we suffer. Is not, perhaps, the real, the underlying cause of much of our present difficulty to be found in this unfortunate trait in our people? Think it over, each for himself or herself. And when better times come again, as they will, and work is again plentiful and earnings again rise, govern yourself accordingly. You are not wasting much now, because you have not got it to waste; continue the habit when you again have something. You are practicing thrift now because you must; continue it even when it is not a life and death necessity. You will then be ready for the next depression; better still, you will ward off such depression.

Walter (seeing dissatisfaction on guest's face): "Wasn't the dinner cooked to suit you, sir?"
 Guest: "Yes, all but the bill. Just take that back and tell them to bolt it down a little."



Too much ACID

Many people, two hours after eating, suffer indigestion as they call it. It is usually excess acid. Correct it with an alkali. The best way, the quick, harmless and efficient way, is Phillips' Milk of Magnesia. It has remained for 50 years the standard with physicians. One spoonful in water neutralizes the excess of acid due to excess acid. It is always liquid; it cannot be made in tablet form. Look for the name Phillips' and the word genuine in red.

You will never use crude methods when you know the better method. And you will never suffer from excess acid when you prove out that Phillips' Milk of Magnesia is now your own sake—now.

Be sure to get the genuine, pre-war neutralizing, non-drying, non-purging due to excess acid. It is always liquid; it cannot be made in tablet form. Look for the name Phillips' and the word genuine in red.

(Made in Canada)

Speaks On Arctic Trip

Sir Hubert Wilkins Tells Australia Of Coming Submarine Adventure
 Sir Hubert Wilkins, explorer, told the home folks in Australia by radio how he planned to sneak up on the North Pole from beneath the sea, by submarine.

The proposed submarine trip to the Arctic, the veteran of treks and airplane flights at both ends of the earth said, would "probably be the most adventurous I have undertaken."

With a converted navy submarine, Sir Hubert plans to leave this country about May 1, go to England, thence to Norway and so begin his cruise into the ice fields of the Arctic Ocean.

The submarine is christened the "Nautilus," after Jules Verne's submersible.

The submarine has been equipped with ice drills, capable of boring up through more than thirty feet of ice to reach the air. The tip of the large drill contains a hatch, through which the crew can reach the ice and by which air can be brought into the boat when charging batteries.

Lady Wilkins told newspapermen, that she would accompany Sir Hubert on his submarine voyage under arctic ice this summer. The object of his expedition to the North Pole is to establish a ring of meteorological bureaux to study seasonal weather conditions which may have an influence on the weather far to the South. He eventually hopes to have similar stations circling the Antarctic.

Acids In Stomach Cause Indigestion

Medical authorities state that nearly nine-tenths of the causes of stomach trouble, indigestion, sourness, burning, gas, bloating, nausea, etc., are due to an excess of hydrochloric acid in the stomach. The stomach, when irritated, digestion is delayed and the food remains in the stomach, thus causing the symptoms which every stomach sufferer knows so well.

Artificial digestants are not needed in such cases and are not real harm. Laying aside all digestive acids and instead, using a powerful, natural, non-irritating, Magnesia and take in water right after eating this sweet, smooth, pleasant, prevents the formation of excess acid and there is no sourness, gas or burning. Resulting in a healthy, happy, and contented stomach, it is the most efficient form of medicine for stomach troubles. It is used by thousands of people who enjoy their meals with no more fear of indigestion.

Aviation In Alberta

Alberta Flyers Have An Envious Record Of Performance

Alberta flyers, fewer in number than those of the majority of the provinces in Canada, are among the most active, to judge from the latest figures from the Department of Civil Aviation, which show that during the year 14,950 flights, during which about 500,000 miles were covered, were undertaken. Alberta flyers during the year spent 6,415 hours in the air, the average flight lasting for 25 minutes. The planes carried 12,169 passengers.

Persian Balm promotes cleanliness, charm and beauty. It is unrivaled in its magical effect on the skin. Swiftly absorbed by the tissues, it leaves a vestige of stickiness. Delightfully cool to the skin, stimulating and invigorating. Softens and makes the hands flawlessly white. Subtly fragrant. Tones youth and loveliness to the complexion. Persian Balm is the inevitable choice of the woman who cares.

British Air Ministry

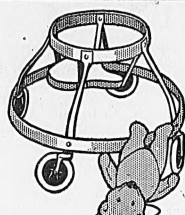
Has Difficult Task

Every Day Amount Of Sunshine Penetrating City Is Measured
 One of the most difficult tasks in London is carried out daily at the Air Ministry offices, where the amount of sunshine penetrating the city is measured. The measuring apparatus consists of a small glass ball through which the heat of the sun passes to burn a special paper placed beneath it, the mark on the paper being used to compute the amount of sunlight passing through.

A Worth While Achievement
 American tourists returning from Europe report that beards are coming back into style. It is doubtful if they will ever again attain great popularity in America. But if some supercilious tourist would advise a way to transpose the over abundant facial hairs of the male to the uppermost portion of his cranium—ah, there would be an achievement.

Discover New Land
 New land has been discovered in the Antarctic by the Norwegian whaler, Torliyn, the whaler reported in a wireless message. The new land, the message said, is a continuation of Mt. Robertson Land, which Sir Douglas Mawson discovered last year.

Government and private steel works in Japan may be merged.



When BABIES are Upset

BABY ills and ailments seem twice as serious at night. A sudden cry may mean colic. Or a sudden attack of diarrhea. How would you meet this emergency—tonight? Have you a bottle of Castoria ready?

For the protection of your wee one—for your own peace of mind—keep this old, reliable preparation always on hand. Don't keep it just for emergencies; let it be an everyday aid. Its gentle influence will ease and soothe the infant who cannot sleep. Its mild regulation will help an older child whose tongue is coated because of sluggish bowels. All druggists have Castoria.



MacMillan's Expedition Will Include 'Planes

Arctic Explorer Outlines Plans For Trip Into Basin Land

Donald B. MacMillan, Arctic explorer outlined plans for an expedition into Basin Land and the North Polar region next summer. The expedition, he said, would be in three sections—the first sailing from Wiscasset, Maine, June 20, to be followed by Dr. Alexander Forbes, of Boston, and Sir Wilfred Grenfell, of London. Three aeroplanes will be included in the equipment.

One of the principal objectives, he said, would be the study of glaciers to determine the possibility of the formation of another "glacier age."

When a mother detects from the writhings and fretting of a child that worms are troubling it, she can procure a reliable remedy in Miller's Worm Powders which will expel all worms from the system. They may cause vomiting, but this need cause no anxiety, because it is but a manifestation of their thorough work. No worms can long exist where these Powders are used.

Work For Russian Women

Soviet Government May Employ Women To Overcome Labor Shortage

Employment of hundreds of thousands of women in industries to overcome the present serious shortage of labor, is being considered by the government of the Soviet Union.

With thousands of jobs for which there are no takers, the country today has the greatest shortage of labor in its history. With millions of women inactive it is believed the problem could be solved by pressing them into service. The children would be cared for by the state while their mothers are working.

Nearly all children are subject to worms, and many are born with them. Spare them suffering by using Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator, an excellent remedy.

Canadian Coal
 Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, British Columbia and the Yukon produce only bituminous coal; the Saskatchewan mines yield lignite only; Alberta produces bituminous, sub-bituminous, and lignite, and formerly also mined some anthracite.

The chief objection to the school of experience is that it thinks up a new course every time you are ready to be graduated.

London now has 20,000 men on its police force.



W. N. U. 1879

Test Was Convincing

New Fool-Proof Plane Will Land Itself Safely

A fool-proof aeroplane which its inventor claims will neither stall, slip or dive and will land itself, is the latest contribution to safety in the air.

While more than a hundred aeronautical experts and financiers watched the plane was successfully tested at Glenn H. Curtiss airport, New York. Piloted by Henry White, it made a half dozen short flights, and came to a near-perfect landing each time with the pilot's hands high above his head.

The designer is A. A. Merrill, of White Plains, N.Y., formerly in charge of aeronautical research at the California Institute of Technology, and a contemporary of the Wright Brothers, Octave Chanute and Langley. He has been working on the plane since 1913, and at one time was forced to mortgage his life insurance to continue.

Movable wings which can be adjusted over an arc of 14 degrees are the secret of the plane's stability. In flight these restricted flying surfaces prevent a pilot from unwittingly going into a stall or a dive. In landing, they mechanically level off at the proper distance from the ground and assume the proper gliding angle.

Will Go On Polar Trip

Lady Wilkins To Accompany Her Husband On Submarine Voyage

Lady Wilkins told newspapermen at Montreal that she would accompany Sir Hubert Wilkins, veteran explorer, on his submarine voyage under Arctic ice this summer. Sir Hubert said the object of his expedition to the north pole would be to establish a ring of meteorological bureaux to study seasonal weather conditions which may have an influence on the weather far to the south. He said he eventually hopes to have similar stations circling the Antarctic.

Time Has Tested It.—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil has been on the market upwards of fifty years and in that time it has proved a blessing to thousands. It is in high favor throughout Canada and its excellence has carried its fame beyond the seas. If it were double the price it would be a cheap liniment.

Alberta-B.C. Boundary

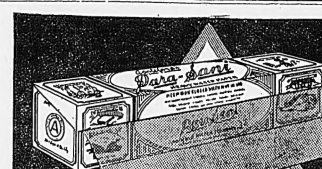
Legislation has been brought down in the British Columbia legislature by Hon. N. S. Lougheed, Minister of Lands, approving the Alberta-British Columbia boundary as surveyed by a joint commission between 1913 and 1924.

Was Weak and Run Down

Could Scarcely Do Household Work

Mrs. Edward A. Allen, Benzonson, Alta., writes: "I would like to tell you of the great benefit I have received from your Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. I was feeling very much run down in health, and was so weak I could scarcely do my household work. I would have to lie down in the afternoon for an hour or so. I saw your Pills in the drug store and took a box home with me, and I was delighted with my renewed strength. I have recommended them to a neighbor and feel sure they will help her too."

Sold by all drug and general stores, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.



Keep Foods Deliciously Fresh

Keep your foods—cakes, bread, pies, cut meats, etc.—under a covering of Para-Sani Heavy Waxed Paper. You'll be amazed at the length of time they'll stay fresh...delicious! Para-Sani keeps them from staling. Get Para-Sani in the handy, sanitary knife-edged carton. For less exacting uses ask for Appleford's "Centre Pull" Packs in sheet form.



Western Representatives:
 HUNTER-MARTIN & CO., REGINA, SASK.

Use Of Fertilizers Throughout Western Canada Would Greatly Increase Production

That the use of phosphatic fertilizers throughout Western Canada would increase the acreage yield and would lower the cost of production sufficiently to enable Canadian farmers to better compete with low grain prices on the world market, was the statement made at Moose Jaw by Dr. Ray Neldig, of the Consolidated Mining Conference of the Moose Jaw Agricultural Society, held in the Grant Hall Hotel.

Dr. Neldig was explaining the results of experiments made throughout the prairie provinces during the past four years, to establish the feasibility of using phosphatic fertilizers in increasing the grain yield and promoting early maturity and to illustrate his points, showed actual pictures of fields in the three provinces where the new fertilizer had been used successfully.

Thomas Teare, president of the local agricultural society, presided over the dinner meeting, which was largely attended, while a short address was also given by J. C. Mitchell, Dabinda, former world's "wheat king," who told briefly of personal experiences with the new phosphatic fertilizer, and his belief that it would be a practical boon to Western farmers.

In his opening remarks, Dr. Neldig stated that concentrated experimentation over a period of four years had proved conclusively that when the new fertilizer was drilled with the grain at the time of seeding, it resulted in earlier maturity and more rapid growth of the plant, while the yield was increased appreciably. Over 400 Saskatchewan farmers had co-operated with the provincial department of agriculture in making trials with the new fertilizer, he stated further, and it was proved that to be effective with grain crops, must be drilled in with the seed.

Showing slides, the speaker pointed out that not only would the loss of crops be avoided but the quality of the grain would be retained. The fertilizer had been used with effect on hay lands and various grass crops, while in Southern Alberta it had been used to advantage on sugar beet crops where it had increased the yield from two to seven tons per acre, and had slightly raised the sugar content, besides maturing the crop from five to seven days earlier than normally.

"So when we realize the interdependence of plant nutritious soils and climatic relationships," he concluded. "We can better understand why the drilling in of small quantities of phosphate with our seed will bring about such remarkable increases in the yield of our crops and their earlier maturity."

Demand For Mutton

Domestic Market Is Increasing According To Latest Figures

In 1927, Canada's consumption of sheep and lambs stood at 6.09 pounds per capita per annum, and by 1930, this had increased to 7.10 pounds. This increase of one per cent, roughly, is seemingly small, but, as pointed out in a circular letter of the Canadian Co-Operative Wool Growers, Limited, it is really impressive. "With our present population of about ten million people the one pound increase represents 10,000,000 pounds or about 300,000 animals or eight per cent. of our total sheep population."

Canadian Potatoes

The total potato production for Canada in 1929 amounted to 29,930,000 cwt., and the onion crop for the same year 550,000 cwt.



"You had leave yesterday afternoon to go to see your doctor, and an hour afterwards I saw you in a cafe with a man, playing cards."

"That was my doctor."—Hummel, Hamburg.

W. N. U. 1879

A New Food Product

Experiments Now Under Way To Manufacture Honey-Butter

One of the most interesting announcements in the field of agricultural research and endeavor comes in a recent account of experimental work now under way with the object of combining honey and butter into a food product called honey-butter. This work is now engaging several workers in dairy and honey research and definite results have already been obtained in the direction of producing such a commodity.

The idea, which by the way is Canadian in its origin, is to bring to the market a product which will be used for sandwich and picnic purposes with very definite possibilities of becoming a standard household article. The term honey-butter certainly has a tasty sound about it if this is to be any criterion.

An interesting speculation in connection with this piece of work is in connection with the age old combination of milk and honey as a description of lands of unusual fertility and verdure. Milk and honey have become symbolic of much that is good and their value as nutrients has never been questioned. The combining of honey with the most famous product of milk should certainly give rise to a product of unusual food qualities.

From the standpoint of the beekeeper as well as the dairyman, the establishment of such a commodity should also lead to an increased consumption and wider markets. Honey-producers have been endeavoring for many years to get a wider recognition and use of honey as a food and the turning of a considerable portion of the surplus into the manufacture of honey-butter would probably mean more to this industry than many years of publicity.

We shall be watching with interest for the appearance of this food on the market and let us hope that it proves as palatable as the ingredients would indicate.

Story Of Lost Mine

Reported Discovery Of Gold And Platinum In Alberta Foothills

Has the lost "Leman mine" been rediscovered?

The reported discovery of gold and platinum in the Livingstone range in the Alberta foothills country just south of Turner Valley oil field, has revived the saga of the legendary "lost mine."

Told by old-timers of the district, the story is that a man by the name of Leman discovered a rich white gold mine somewhere west of Nanton in 1870. He was aided, it was said, by friendly Indians.

Following the discovery Leman returned to Idaho to bring his wife and family to Alberta, but on the return journey all met death, either by an Indian attack or drowning. White men could never locate the mine, and the Indians alone knew its secret.

Today with the report of a rich find the pioneers of the district recalled the early day legend.

More than 100 claims have been staked in the area, which is 300 miles northwest of Lethbridge.

After 18 years' search, two prospectors of Staveland, Alberta, made the discovery of the gold and platinum bearing veins, and scores have gone into the Livingstone region.

A Worth-While Invention

Written words may be sent over a telephone line by use of an attachment devised by German telephone engineers, who now are testing it. Should the listener have difficulty in understanding a spoken word he asks the speaker to spell it, and it appears before the listener in writing. German long distance lines are expected to first use the attachment.

Goat Raising In B.C.

Interest in goat raising continues at a high point in British Columbia. During last year five herds were entered in the record of performance test for goats, ten head having qualified. The highest test was made by a Nubian doe, "Shirley Rona"—296—owned by Harold G. Morson, of New Westminster, whose milk yield was 2,955 pounds and butter fat 132.4 pounds.

Insurance statistics show that the life expectancy of a boy who lives in the country is seven years greater than that of the city boy.

DANCES WITH PRINCE OF WALES



Miss Betty Gardner, of Brookville, Ont., daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Gill Gardner, who was the Prince of Wales' partner for four dances during his recent visit to Kingston, Jamaica, on his trip south to the Argentine. Miss Gardner's father is a director of the hotel at Kingston.

Where Four States Meet

Only One Spot Where Four Boundaries Touch Same Point

At one place in the United States it is possible to stand with the heel of the right foot in one state, with the toe of the right foot in another, with the left heel in a third and the toe of the same shoe in a fourth state. This unique spot is where the boundaries of Colorado, Utah, Arizona and New Mexico meet. It is the only place in the country where four states meet at the same point.

The Soy Bean

Will Sow 20 Acres Of Land In Manitoba With Soy Bean As An Experiment

A special sub-committee of the agricultural committee of the Winnipeg Board of Trade is arranging for the sowing of 20 acres of land with the soy bean, as an experiment. The oils and fats derived from the soy bean are used extensively in industry, while the residue makes a valuable feed for cattle. Hence the effort to produce the bean locally.

FASHION



No. 964—Practical Model. This style is designed in sizes 16, 18, 20 years, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 inches bust measure. Size 36 requires 3½ yards of 39-inch material with ¾ yard of 35-inch contrasting.

No. 926—Slenderizing Silhouette. This style is designed in sizes 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46 and 48 inches bust measure. Size 36 requires 3½ yards of 39-inch material with ¾ yard of 35-inch contrasting.

No. 155—Decidedly Chic. This style is designed in sizes 8, 10, 12, 14 and 16 years. Size 8 requires 1½ yards of 39-inch material with ¾ yard of 35-inch contrasting and ¾ yard of 35-inch lining.

No. 499—For Playtime. This style is designed in sizes 1, 2, 4 and 6 years. Size 4 requires 1½ yards of 39-inch material. Send 20 cents (in stamps or coin) to Fashion Bureau. Write carefully and plainly your name and full address, the number of the pattern and the size you want.

How To Order Patterns

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Name _____

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Revolving Loan Plan To Aid Western Canada Farmers Is Outlined By C.P.R. President

A Contribution From Bees

Manitoba Gives Indications Of Becoming the Leading Producer In Canada

The busy little bee in his humble and humming way is contributing his bit to the productive wealth of Canada.

Beekeeping has been advancing with great rapidity in the Dominion, and honey production has become an industry of no mean importance. It is only within recent years, however, that it has developed from being more or less of a hobby into a profitable adjunct to other lines of agricultural endeavour and in many cases is the chief source of revenue.

Prior to 1921, Ontario and Quebec were the only provinces producing a surplus of honey. This surplus found a ready market in the other parts of the Dominion, especially in Western Canada. At that time honey was produced on a comparatively small scale in the Maritime Provinces, in Manitoba, and in British Columbia, while in Saskatchewan and Alberta aparies were few and far between. Today the situation has greatly changed. Not only has production increased in the older provinces, but it has also become phenomenal gain in the Prairie Provinces, so much so that Manitoba now gives indications of becoming the leading producer of honey, for the Manitoba crop during the 1930 season was estimated to be 10,110,128 pounds.

An indication of the growth of beekeeping in Canada is convincingly given by the following figures of honey production in 1926, compared with those for 1930.—In 1926 the total production was 13,769,649 pounds; in 1930 it had increased to 31,169,635 pounds. The most remarkable growth was in Manitoba, where the production rose from 3,522,512 pounds in 1926, to 10,110,128 in 1930. In Alberta the production jumped from 215,000 pounds to 1,578,900 pounds; in Saskatchewan from 170,287 to 685,551, and in Ontario from 5,000,000 to 12,000,000 pounds. Each of the other provinces scored an advance, but not so marked as that for the provinces mentioned.

The total value of the 1930 Canadian honey crop is placed at nearly \$4,000,000.

New Egg Storage

Air Is Replaced By Carbon Dioxide Gas In New System

Gas storage, a new development in keeping eggs fresh until the market is ready to absorb them, is interestingly described in the current issue of the News Letter of the Dominion Dairy and Cold Storage Branch at Ottawa. Briefly described, the eggs packed in 15-dozen packages and placed in a metal container known as an Autoclave. When these are placed in the storage compartment the air within the Autoclave is pumped off and replaced by carbon dioxide gas. As a further precaution against the presence of oxygen in or near the eggs the air outside the container is also drawn off and replaced by CO₂. Theoretically, and it is proving true in practice, an egg stays fresh directly in proportion to the extent to which it contains CO₂, and the two bug-bears of cold storage, mould growth and fungi, can develop only in the presence of oxygen with a humidity of 85 degrees at temperatures of 33 degrees Fahrenheit or over. Owing to the absence of oxygen no mould growth takes place and the egg comes out of storage in a most attractive condition.

Thirsty For Music

"There may be many opinions as to Johannesburg's taste in music," writes a correspondent of The Cape Argus, of Cape Town, "but there can be no doubt of its thirst for it. One can walk from end to end of the shopping centre of the city without ever being out of earshot of one instrument or another. As often as not you will hear them struggling one against the other in a duel of sound."

Double Stars

A considerable proportion of the stars which appear as single to the unaided eye are in reality double, that is, two stars revolving around each other from a common centre of gravity. The secrets of these stars are gradually but surely being unlocked by the Dominion Observatory at Ottawa, and the Dominion Astrophysical Observatory at Victoria.

Czecho-Slovakia now has 350 football fields, and 1,345 tennis courts.

Proposals in connection with the organization and operation of the Dominion government's \$5,000,000 revolving loan fund to aid Western Canada farmers were outlined by E. W. Beatty, K.C., president of the Canadian Pacific Railways. Mr. Beatty was first proponent of the idea, definitely announced by Premier R. B. Bennett at Regina, December 30.

The railway head offered two major suggestions for officials named to handle the fund, which has been placed in the hands of the newly-chartered Dominion Agricultural Credit Corporation. No burden of handling charges should be imposed on the farmer, he thought, and the safety of the investment must be assured.

"The policy must be operated in such a way," he said, "so as not to impose a burden on the farmer in the matter of handling charges, interest, etc., but rather to provide him with a greater stability in earning power at the very minimum of cost. It must also insure the safety of the investment so that the capital of the loan corporation is not impaired."

He reiterated his belief, first declared at London, Ont., last December, that the plan would "improve conditions under which farm operations are carried on in those districts where its credits can be properly used."

In some particulars, Mr. Beatty thought, the credit body should function similarly to administrators of the "Minnesota plan." He thought it "might be advisable" to adopt the United States minimum and maximum loan clause. This would set loans at \$200 to \$1,000. "However," he added, "I would not favor the granting of the maximum amount except under special circumstances."

Length of time for which the loans are made also might be adopted from the "Minnesota plan," the C.P.R. president said. Under this three-year plan, the farmer would pay back 30 per cent. of his loan after the first year, 30 per cent. after the second and the balance after the third year.

Mr. Beatty asserted the loan plan here would be operated under vastly different conditions than when it met with "amazing success" in Minnesota. "It will be well to remember," he said, "that their record in the matter of repayment of loans has been achieved in the period when prices and other conditions were comparatively good, that they have a great advantage over this country in the matter of population and, therefore, of consumers, and that greater difficulty may be experienced under more adverse conditions."

"This," he added, "suggests the advisability of some conservatism in the extension of credit at the outset at least." Greater safety in the operation of the loan scheme would be achieved through numerous relatively small loans and, though he said it was not yet possible to estimate cost of managing the credit corporation, "it should be urged that all possible avenues be explored with a view to establishing credit facilities at a rate of interest not to exceed six per cent.," said the C.P.R. president. He stressed that the plan is not expected to "work miracles" for the farmers.

"The central idea of the plan should be to seek to develop in favorable communities on the basis of some diversity in livestock, which under different conditions might include two to five cows, one or two sows, 25 to 100 hens and, whenever possible, 20 to 50 ewes per individual farm."

Because most of the people of China cannot afford to buy milk regularly it often is consumed as a medicine or tonic.



"Now you are rich, doctor you do not bother about your patients?"

"You see, I have adopted the system of 'live and let live.'—Gutierrez, Madrid.

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Enclosed find money order for \$1.50 for which please send me two boxes of "SELF-CHARGE". One box for my own battery and one I can sell at the regular price of \$2.50 per box.

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WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Mrs. George Dewey, widow of the hero of Manila Bay, died at her residence in Washington.

The British Columbia Government favors federal rather than provincial control of radio in Canada, is its reply to a query from Ottawa.

Sir Robert Burnett, 79, who was physician to the Marquis of Lorne, when he was Canada's governor-general, is dead.

Appointment of John A. Stiles as chief executive officer of the Boy Scouts Association in Canada, has been announced by the executive committee of that body.

The 18th amendment has been sustained as valid by the Supreme Court. Under the decision the government will continue its efforts to enforce the Volstead law.

Walter Lindrum, the famous Australian billiard player, was summoned to Buckingham Palace to give a demonstration of his skill before the King and Queen.

The conferment by the King of an earldom upon Viscount Willingdon, former governor-general of Canada and viceroy-elect of India, is announced in the Official Gazette.

Sir Alexander Gibb, noted British port authority, has been invited to investigate the technical and business features of the ports of Halifax, St. John, Quebec, Montreal and Vancouver.

"Big Bill" Thompson, invincible as ever, won his fourth mayoral nomination in the Republic primary election in Chicago, defeating by a plurality estimated at 45,000 Judge Joe H. Lyle.

People with the most perfect eyesight may be able to see about 3,000 stars, but the largest telescope yet built shows up about 1,500,000,000.

If you want to make economical delicious dishes clip this coupon

EDWARDSBURG CROWN BRAND CORN SYRUP

This famous Recipe Book contains nearly 200 prize recipes chosen from 75,000 received from all parts of Canada. They are endorsed by one of Canada's foremost food experts. Be sure to enclose 10 cents in stamps or coin to cover mailing costs.

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The CANADA STARCH CO., Limited MONTREAL

Would Go With Wilkins

Hundreds Ask To Accompany Explorer On Arctic Trip In Submarine

More than 1,200 applications have come to Sir Hubert Wilkins from persons who want to go with him on his trip this summer under Arctic ice in a submarine.

Sir Hubert, who has been in New York to examine specially constructed lights which will be the "eyes" of the submarine, said "we have to eliminate those seeking to go only for adventure."

Wilkins said the submarine would begin its voyage from Spitzbergen about July 1 and would cross to the Behring Sea, passing the North Pole in its under-ice trip. A crew of about 20 will be taken in the submarine, Sir Hubert said.

Cereal Research Grows

Steady Increase In Cereal Research Carried On By Department Of Agriculture

The report of the Dominion Cerealists, L. H. Newman, B.S.A., for 1929, provides a graphic illustration of the steady increase in cereal research by the Dominion Department of Agriculture. In 1916, the total of plots used in investigational work numbered 2,017. In 1921 this had dropped to only 756. Since 1927, however, there has been a consistent steady expansion in this important work, the total number of plots for 1930 being 35,950. This report, which is now available for distribution, contains a wealth of useful information for those interested in cereal grains.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union

Fashion

(By Eva A. Tingey)

7331

FOR DAINY DAUGHTER

All Tingey models are created and sketched in Paris and the patterns are made in New York.

Any little miss would love this wool challis frock. It is French blue overlaid in fine stripes, with plain matching shade used for the yoke, panel front and the cuffs.

It is the cutest thing to make. Pin tucks at either side of the front and the back are decorative.

To give easy movement, the dress widens into comfortable flared fullness toward the hem.

Other attractive combinations are orchid and white checked gingham with plain orchid, yellow pique with white pique and Nile green linen with white linen dotted in green.

This pattern may be obtained in sizes 2 to 6. It is ready for immediate delivery. It is hand cut.

Send 25 cents (in stamps or coin) to Fashion Bureau. Write carefully and plainly your name and full address, the number of the pattern and the size you want.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No..... Size.....

Name.....

Town.....

Japs Angry At Soviets

Feeling against Soviet Russia is rising rapidly in Japan at the report that the Soviet Union has threatened to cancel the Japanese fishery concessions in Siberian waters because of a default by Japan in payment of royalties which were over due.

W. N. U. 1879

PILE PAIN

Ends Right Away

"The very first time I used 'Scoliba-Salva' it ended the itch and pain of my piles right away. Stopped swelling and bleeding. Piles now gone."—L. T. Sears. Quickest relief known. All druggists.

Marvels Of Marine Life

Fish With "Electric" Power Plants Found In Bermuda Waters

Fleet-finned dragons from over a mile beneath the surface of Bermuda's coastal water, all brilliantly illuminated by their own power plants and never before seen by the folk of our world, are some of the marvels of marine life seen by Dr. William Beebe, who recently returned from his latest expedition to the Nonsuch Island. There he and a staff of fourteen men not only dragged the ocean bottom for exotic specimens of marine life but sought them in a diving bell among the coral reefs.

To obtain close views of the fish inhabiting the deeper blue-black waters, the scientist and his co-workers, Otis Barton, made a record descent of 1,426 feet in a hermetically sealed ball or bathysphere to a point where the pressure on the gauge was approximately 3,100 tons. A new and marvellous world was opened to the scientist when he descended in the bathysphere, for through his circular window of crystal quartz he saw what had been withheld from the human eye since time began.

Darting all about were a thousand lights burning steadily and clear in theinky blackness. These belonged to the illuminating systems of the residents. Some were ranged in rows like the portholes of a steamship, while others burned from filmy antennas far from the body as the fish sought to attract its prey. All continued their glow until dimmed by the rays of the searchlight shot through the window. Then, the fish, until then unseen, took shape.

The work lasted six and a half months and was exceedingly satisfactory, as invaluable data concerning the life and habits of known fish were obtained and scores of specimens wholly new to science were brought from the sea. On his return to New York, Dr. Beebe brought back 150 cases containing various aspects of fish found in the Bermuda area.

China has had at least one famine each year for the past 2,000 years.

On COUGHS and COLDS

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Canadian breeders of poultry and livestock are finding Windolite a most satisfactory and profitable investment. Young chickens and turkeys are entirely free from leg weakness and disease and will thrive in confinement under Windolite. Windolite comes in rolls any length, but 36 inches wide only.

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SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

MARCH 8

THE GOOD SAMARITAN

Golden Text: "Thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself."—Leviticus 19: 18.

Lesson: Luke 10:25-37.

Devotional Reading: Matthew 5: 35-45.

Explanations and Comments

The Law Of Love To God and Man, verses 25-28.—One time a scribe, an expert student and expounder of Hebrew law, sought to test Jesus by asking him a hard question. "What shall I do to inherit eternal life?" he queried, and by this he meant "What acts, such as fasts and prayers and sacrifices, would have special merit and would therefore be rewarded by life eternal?" "What is written in the law? How readest thou?" thus Jesus bade him answer his own question. The scribe then quoted Deuteronomy 6:5 and Leviticus 19:18: "Thou shalt love the Lord thy God with all thy heart, and with all thy soul, and with all thy strength, and with all thy mind (i.e., with all thy powers); and thy neighbor as thyself." That Jesus came to surmise it was brought about by some remark of Jesus which is not recorded. "Thou hast answered right this do, and thou shalt live," said Jesus.

"Oh, run not thus the lesson thou hast taught!"

When life's all love, 'tis life; aught else, 'tis naught."—Lanier.

What it means to love man, the parable that follows explains, but what does it mean to love God? Dr. Frederick W. Robertson says that it can mean only one thing; God is Character, and to love God is to love character. For instance, God is Purely, and to be pure is to love God. God is Love, and to love men is to love character. For God lives to live a brave, true, real life, that is to love God. So Whittier, in one of his letters wrote: "I have no consciousness of loving God as a Person, or Power, apart from His attributes. I have no experience or ecstatic emotions, but I know that I love goodness and mercy, charity and peace; that my soul longs for harmony and moral symmetry; that I would sooner wrong myself than my neighbor; and at times, the sweet sense of an Infinite love overwhelms me and fills me with gratitude and thanksgiving."

Racing Trains To Crossings

Foolhardy Motorists Will Get No Consideration In Japan

In the future the motorist who races trains to crossings will do so at his own risk. His heirs will have no claim on any railway company, public or private, if his temerity sends him on a journey he had not expected to take so immediately. The new ruling is a recognition of the fact that this is an age of speed, and that the country will be benefited more by faster train schedules than by preserving the lives of idiots who race trains to crossings.—Japan Advertiser.

Conscientious Guide (as character falls over the cliff): We have just left Camphor Cliff, ladies and gentlemen. The Hong lighthouse is on your right, and we are now approaching the English Channel.

She Couldn't Be Hoodwinked.

Miss E. Thomson, of Clapham, writes:—I find that Carter's Little Liver Pills will do more to keep the complexion clear, and the skin free from blemishes, than all the face creams I have used. I found the real cause of face blemishes was usually due to liver and stomach troubles. My druggist recommended them as a specific for stimulating the liver and expelling the constipation poisons from the system."

Take Carter's Little Liver Pills for sick headache and indigestion. All druggists 25¢ and 75¢ red pkgs.

Taking the Census

Army Of 15,000 To Be Engaged In Huge Undertaking

Three times as many persons will be needed to complete Canada's decennial census this summer as Wolfe had when he stormed the Quebec citadel to annex the country to the British Empire, states R. H. Coats, Dominion statistician. On June 1 next a veritable army of 15,000 men and women will begin enumerating the population of the country, gathering eugenic and racial information and social and economic records.

It will be the seventh census since Confederation and will be unique in that unemployment figures will be gathered and information regarding hospitals, asylums and child welfare institutions.

As head of the enumeration and compilation staff, Mr. Coats sought the co-operation of all Canadians, asking that they furnish accurate information when interrogated and, expedite proceedings as much as possible.

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PATENTS

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The RAMSAY Co., Dept. 273 BANK ST. 167 OTTAWA, ONT.

FARM PARTY IS ASSURED FOR SASKATCHEWAN

Saskatoon, Sask.—Saskatchewan is assured of a new farm party. By a virtually unanimous decision, United Farmers of Canada (Saskatchewan Section), decided to enter politics. They will seek backing of all citizens in electing candidates on a policy aimed at ultimate social ownership and non-profit production.

Local autonomy was agreed on as a basis of the political move. Constitution conventions will be called when requested by 15 per cent of U.F.C. local lodges in the constituency to be represented by two constituency-committee members, and the elected member or the candidate and the U.F.C. executive to attend.

Efforts of the new party, whose date of inauguration by convention is at least two months distant, will be directed into provincial and Dominion fields. The step places Saskatchewan, largest wheat province in the Dominion, alongside Alberta in politico-agrarian organization. The Saskatchewan body claims 26,800 members as compared to 18,105 for United Farmers of Alberta. Manitoba's farm-unit is a non-partisan body.

It is necessary, before official inauguration of the movement, to receive ratification from local lodges for a constitutional change removing the U.F.C.'s ban on political alliances. This would take some 60 days.

Platform of the new party will be based on the U.F.C. economic policy approved at the four-day annual convention's second session recently. It included demands for 100-per-cent grain pooling; "pegged" grain prices; government price-fixing board; nationalization of currency, credit and natural resources; and province-wide crop insurance.

In addition, the policy program included demands for Dominion and provincial debt adjustment moves. It asked completion and operation of port and elevator facilities at Churchill by next September 1, legislation to make Churchill a free port of entry for all goods, and freight and express rate cuts.

Delegates in favor of political action, wiped from a resolution of the U.F.C. board all stipulation that formation of the new party occur at the refusal of Dominion or provincial administration to put the new-formed economic policy into effect.

The convention's stand is a reversal of the decision at the 1930 meet, when political action was turned down by eight votes and formation of a political body outside the U.F.C. was favored. The U.F.C. claim that of three candidates in the last Dominion election pledged to back U.F.C. demands, two were elected—Milton Campbell (Mackenzie), and A. M. Carmichael (Kindersley), both Progressives.

It is considered unlikely that George H. Williams, immediate past president of the U.F.C., will seek the leadership of the farm party if it is formed before spring. He is understood to believe that A. J. MacAulay, elected president of the U.F.C. today, should rather be a candidate for the position.

Backed by Williams, MacAulay was named leader on constitutional grounds, though almost all delegates favored Williams remaining in office beyond his expired two-year term, limit under the constitution. MacAulay, formerly vice-president, maintains a large grain and stock farm at Waseca, Sask. Williams is expected to be a candidate for the presidency at the next convention.

J. F. Herman, Rocanville, was elected vice-president.

Increase in Autos

Ottawa, Ont.—Canada had a motor vehicle for every eight persons in 1930, as compared with one motor vehicle for every 11 people in 1920, according to a report issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics recently. The number of motor cars registered in 1930 was 1,239,889, an increase of 44,295 over the previous year.

Clothing For Needy Families
Ottawa, Ont.—Twenty-one families in the Adair, Sask. district have been provided with warm clothing through the efforts of the employees of the department of labor here. The bale, which contained 365 articles of clothing, was sent west a few days ago and word has been received here of its distribution among needy persons of the district.

W. N. U. 1879

Northern Trade Route

Insurance Rates To Be Lower Than Expected Out Of Hudson Bay

Ottawa, Ont.—Within the past three weeks there has been a sudden and in many ways completely unexpected interest on the part of Canadian, British and foreign shipping companies in the Hudson Bay route.

Hon. Dr. R. J. Manion, Minister of Railways and Canals, declined to discuss these recent developments. He will make a detailed statement in parliament, by which time it seems certain that definite plans and commitments will have been reached which will assure Fort Churchill a striking opening, and ensure the future success of the new trade route.

It is learned authoritatively that several large steamship companies have come forward and declared their intention of placing ships on the new route. This applies to British and foreign shipping. There has been a most remarkable reaction among Canadian ship operators, who see tremendous possibilities in the development of inter-provincial trade. Maritime provinces companies are going to try to develop trade direct with the prairie provinces. British Columbia companies already have completed plans for a trade in lumber, with cargoes of wheat outgoing from Churchill to foreign ports, and a return cargo from foreign ports to Vancouver.

These shipping interests have taken a firm hand in matters of insurance and cargo rates. Lloyd's, of London, England, have been stirred up and it may be announced definitely that the insurance rates out of Churchill will be much lower than hitherto has been expected.

Important Ruling By Alberta Supreme Court

Collection Of Fees Under Dominion Charter Is Illegal

Calgary, Alberta.—Fees assessed by the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council on companies with a Dominion charter cannot be collected, according to judgment of the appellate division of the Supreme Court of Alberta.

The question arose in an action taken by the attorney-general of Alberta against the Royal Oil Company for collection of a fee imposed by the provincial government through the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council and under the Alberta Companies Act.

To Oblige the Prince

Revolt In Peru Is Held Off Until Departure Of His Royal Highness

Vina Del Mar, Chile.—Reliable persons reaching here from Peru declared that the revolt in that country was ready to start at the time the Prince of Wales visited Peru only a few days ago, but was held off until the British party had safely left.

The persons who gave the information followed the Prince of Wales' party through Peru and Bolivia. They said that while the Prince of Wales was in Peru a number of officers, who said a revolution was impending, went to the Prince and told him that they would hold it off until he had completed his visit.

Well-Known Geologist Dead

Dr. Robert Stewart, Of Toronto, Had Stirring Career

Toronto, Ont.—Dr. Robert Stewart, well-known geologist and medical practitioner, and an authority on mining in the Hudson Bay district, died here last week.

While associated with the Hudson Bay Company and the Ontario Bureau of Mines, Dr. Stewart had a stirring career, being twice shipwrecked on Hudson Bay boats, once in the Bay of Ungava, in 1925, and once off the coast of Labrador, in 1927. His last trip to the North was made in 1928. Dr. Stewart was born in Lucknow, Ontario.

Unemployed Make Trouble

Girl and Two Policemen Injured In Toronto

Toronto, Ont.—Two policemen, a ten-year-old girl and a woman were injured when at least 2,000 of Toronto's unemployed gathered at the corner of Spadina Avenue and Dundas Street, in the downtown section, where a proposed unemployment demonstration was to be held.

Seventy demonstrators were arrested when stones, bricks, and other missiles were directed at the police, who retaliated by a charge along the thoroughfare.

RUSSIA WOULD TRADE COAL FOR FARM MACHINERY

Montreal.—If Canada will accept \$35,000,000 worth of Russian coal in part payment, Russia is willing to purchase her agricultural machinery, the total value of which will amount to \$10,000,000, according to a plan which Lieut.-Colonel Herbert J. Mackie, former Conservative member of parliament, stated he had laid before the government at Ottawa, on behalf of the Soviet Government. The balance of the debt would be settled in gold, and the Soviet Government is understood to have expressed its willingness to hold a conference with Canada at which a plan would be formulated for marketing of wheat without dumping.

In the opinion of Col. Mackie some understanding with Russia about the marketing of wheat is expedient. Anticipating the success of the five-year plan and casting an eye on Russia's success in wheat growing up to this time, he seemed impressed with the strength of her position. He feared that unless some agreement were reached with Russia she would undersell Canadians in every market of the world.

As for the opposition against importing Russian coal, Col. Mackie believed that the strongest propaganda had been emanating from American competitors of the Soviet. Russia's purpose is to export anthracite in domestic sales, a product which could not possibly compete with coal from Nova Scotia. The Russian coal would be in direct competition with the imported American product, Col. Mackie said.

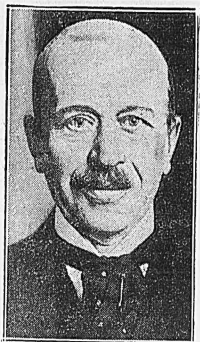
"Canada and Russia must get together on wheat—we must have a conference," said Lt.-Col. Mackie.

"As things are, we bid fair to provoke Russia. At a conference in London, England, with a Canadian trade representative, Saul Bron, the chief Soviet trade delegate to the British Empire, reiterated this plea, and this warning: 'Do not put Russia on the defensive.' He said it again and again, earnestly, pleadingly.

"I know the seriousness of Bron's statement, possibly better than any other Canadian, for I have made 17 visits to Russia since the revolution, and I know Russia's power to help or hurt my country," to wage economic war or peace.

"High Russian officials have approached Canada through me, asking for a conference. The idea receives the support of the Argentine and Australian government representatives in London, England. Only a few days ago Chairman Legge, of the U.S. Farm Board, said that he could see value, with nothing to lose, in such a conference with Russia.

NOTABLE STATESMAN



Sir Laming Worthington Evans, 62, secretary of war in the last Conservative government of Great Britain, who died February 15, had a distinguished political career and was one of the mainstays in the high councils of the Conservative party. As a great lawyer he will be remembered by Canadians principally as the London solicitor appointed by the English courts to realize assets of the British American Company, the London Globe, and other Whitaker Wright concerns after the great financial smash in 1901.

Sign Wheat Agreement

Sixteen European Nations Sign On Disposal Of Wheat Stocks

Paris, France.—At the French foreign office, 16 European nations signed the final act for the disposal of the wheat stocks of the central and European states. Russia was not invited to the conference. Russian wheat, therefore, was not included.

The signatory states are Germany, Austria, Bulgaria, Estonia, Finland, France, Greece, Hungary, Italy, Latvia, Poland, Lithuania, Rumania, Switzerland, Czechoslovakia, and Yugoslavia. Seven persons did not sign. They are Britain, the Irish Free State, Belgium, Denmark, Spain, the Netherlands, and Sweden.

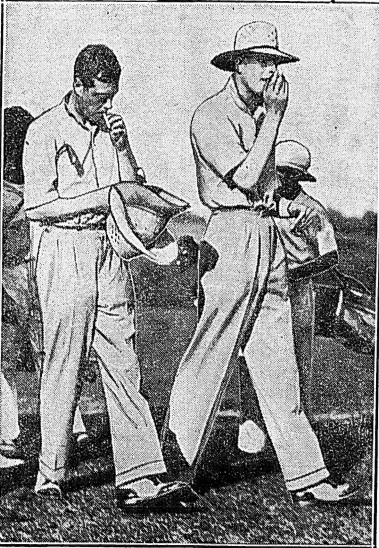
Well Supplies Boiling Water

Vimy, Alberta.—Leo Chaput, farmer of this district, is taking things easy these days. Not for him is the worry of boiling water with which to brew his favorite cup of tea, for shaving water or the long-deferred ablution. He recently tapped a well that supplies him with ready boiled water all the time. Mr. Chaput has sent two bottles of the water to the University of Alberta for analysis.

Report Is Denied

Ottawa, Ont.—"No fixed discount from list prices has so far been placed for duty purposes on books imported into Canada from the United States for sale." This was the statement made at the Department of National Revenue in referring to a report that a fixed discount of 49 per cent was to be applied generally on books imported from the United States, effective April 1.

ROYAL BROTHERS AT GOLF



The Prince of Wales and his brother, Prince George, are here seen on the golf links at Panama, C.Z., during a round when they made a short stay at the Canal Zone city on their way south to the Argentine exposition. Note the Prince of Wales' double-decker hat which he uses as guard against the sun.

Women Mushers Staging Race For Championship

One Of Feature Attractions At The Pas Dog Derby

Winnipeg, Man.—A duel over the snow-swept trails of Northern Manitoba to settle the title of woman dog mushing champion of the world, with a side bet of \$1,000, promises to be one of the feature attractions of dog derby week at the Pas as a result of developments, announced by A. E. Warren, vice-president Canadian National Railways, patron of the northern classic. Early this winter Miss Thula Geelan, girl musher from McCall, Idaho, recognized as the leading musher in the western states, challenged Mrs. E. P. Ricker, of Poland Springs, Maine, a 25-mile dog race for the mushing championship of the fair sex. She asked for a side bet of \$1,000 to be posted before the race. The contest would take place over a course here selected by the dog derby committee.

The dog derby committee of The Pas has received a wire from Mrs. Ricker accepting the challenge. Both women are expected to take part in the 200-mile dog race from The Pas to Flin Flon and return starting March 20. Miss Ida Carriere, another woman entry, is also training over northern trails for the long race.

Three of the northland's most fearless mushers, St. Godard, Earl Brydges and "Shorty" Russell, left Winnipeg via Canadian National Railways for The Pas, Man., where they will whip their dogs into shape for the gruelling 200-mile race.

SEA HARBOR FOR PRAIRIES TO OPEN SOON

Winnipeg, Man.—In a few weeks workmen will toll again at Churchill. They will start the last six-month job on a job that is to give the northern harbor a 2,500,000-bushel grain elevator with the second largest warehouse in the world.

Storage will mean but little to the sprawling bins ranged along the south shore of the rock-girt harbor at the end of the Hudson Bay Railway. But ability to handle grain—to dump cars, to clean, weigh and separate the grain, to run it out to waiting ships—will be a paramount necessity for the elevator at the port with a winter-shortened season.

More than 500,000 bushels daily may pour through the various processes of the Churchill elevator's warehouse when work is completed in the middle of next September. Only the great Port Elevator Number Seven, at Port Arthur, will be able to handle grain more rapidly than the terminal "north of 58." If the Churchill plant is ever pressed to capacity the route will be a success.

About 750,000 bushels of wheat will be rushed overseas this fall between the time the elevator is ready September 15 and the close of navigation on the Bay, according to the promise of Dominion authorities. Some organizations in the west are pressing for a shipment of as much as 5,000,000 bushels this fall but it is understood from reliable sources that such a flow of grain in the brief available time would tie up dock work in progress and threaten the efficiency of elevator and dock facilities.

At the present moment, ground-work on the elevator is completed to the first floor. In late March it is expected construction of the power house will commence alongside the elevator. In May, concrete pouring begins on the elevator and the warehouse, from the ground floor upward. Work on shipping galleries, too, must be hurried in order to have them ready for the restricted shipping of this fall.

Across the harbor from the historic Fort Prince of Wales, the new elevator will reach out 500 feet along the shore line and tower 200 feet against the north's grey sky. Close by are the terminal yards of the Hudson Bay road, which rolls northward over 500 miles of musk country from The Pas, into Manitoba's frontier.

All Canada will be watching when the mechanism of Churchill's port moves into real action this fall—more than 300 years after the Dane, Jans Munck, first eased his boat into the mouth of the Churchill River to spend the tragic winter that cost the lives of all but three of his 64-man expedition. This fall comes the test of Canada's greatest experiment for many a year—the building of a sea harbor for the prairies.

RECOVERY NOW INDICATED IN EMPLOYMENT

Ottawa, Ont.—Although the number of persons employed by Canadian firms reporting to the government at the beginning of February was less than at the same date in the preceding three years, it was greater than in any earlier year since 1921. Returns have been received by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics from 7,131 firms. These show pay rolls aggregating 904,315 persons on February 1, as compared with 913,580 on the first of January, just one month previous.

The bureau reports that important recovery was shown in the employment returns received from manufacturing firms, especially those engaged in the textile and the iron and steel industries. Improvement was also shown in railway construction and in shipping and stevedoring. On the other hand appreciable declines were noted in highway and building construction, in trade, mining and logging. These contractions, it is stated, were, in many cases, of a seasonal character.

The trend of employment, it is reported, was upward in Montreal, Ottawa, Hamilton, Windsor, and the adjacent border cities, and Vancouver. Quebec City, Toronto and Winnipeg reported reductions.

The bureau makes the following report on employment by economic areas:

Prairie provinces: Employment in the prairie provinces has shown a contraction at the beginning of February in most years of the record, but the falling-off reported by the firms making returns on February 1, 1931, involved a larger proportion of the aggregate payroll than has been the case in the last few years. Statements were tabulated from 1,102 employers, whose staffs declined by 6,666 persons to 121,873 on February 1. Logging was more active, and railway construction also showed improvement but manufacturing, mining communications and transportation reported considerable curtailment.

British Columbia: There was a moderate contraction in employment at the beginning of February; this took place mainly in the highway construction and service groups, while manufacturing, and building, and railway construction were rather busier. The working forces of the 744 reporting firms numbered 79,383, a decrease of 459 persons as compared with their January 1 staffs. A slight improvement had been indicated on February 1, 1930, and the index was then a few points higher.

May Amend Mining Act

Ontario Introductory Bill To Bar Speculators In Townships

Toronto, Ont.—Speculators who rush to buy townships and avail themselves of the privilege of filing on claims which they hope to develop into townships, hot-dog stands, or barber shops will be frustrated in future under the provisions of the bill to amend the Mining Act, introduced into the Ontario legislature by Hon. Charles McCrae. All claims must be developed as mines and not as real estate speculations under the amendments planned.

Win Cavalry Cup

Manitoba Mounted Rifles, Portage la Prairie, Awarded Honor

Ottawa, Ont.—Manitoba Mounted Rifles, Portage la Prairie, won the Canadian Cavalry Association's signaller-challenge cup with a score of 5,536 points out of a possible 5,713. It was announced here recently. Eighth Princess Louise Hussars, New Brunswick, came second with 4,246 points.

Oxford Rifles, Woodstock, Ontario, won the Infantry Signaller's competition with 5,656 points.

Seeking Pensions For Blind

Manitoba Asking Federal Government To Finance Scheme

Winnipeg, Man.—Dominion parliament is called upon to implement a pension scheme for blind persons in a resolution adopted in the Manitoba Legislature.

The resolution was sponsored by William Evans, Labor member for Winnipeg. The pensions for the blind would be financed in whole or in part by the federal government.

Sunlight

Rays Of The Sun's Light Aer
Essential For Our Health
(By John Burke Ingram)

In this week's health article I have an amazing fact to tell you. Most of us have come to know that sunlight is good for the health. Possibly few of us know, however, that rays of the sun's light which we need for our health are dark rays. When I say that, I mean that when they reach our eye they do not produce a sensation of light.

This is so, because just as the ear can respond only to certain sounds (everyone who has gone to high school knows that there are sounds too high and sounds too low for the ear to hear), so some vibrations of light have some too great, and others too small a frequency to be detected by the eye.

These invisible light vibrations are known as ultra-violet rays, and it is these rays which we need for our health sake.

Here is what happens when they fall upon our skin. In the first place we tan. That happens because certain chemical reactions are caused by this particular part of sunlight in the tissues of the body. This reaction produces what is known as "Vitamin D." You have all heard of vitamins. "Vitamin D" is the thing which our bodies must have if we are to have strong properly made bones. Especially interesting and important in this connection and most particularly to people who do not live in the tropics, where the sun's rays blaze down so fiercely, is the fact that the disease known as rickets is caused by a deficiency of sunlight. In a pamphlet issued by the Department of Health, of Canada, it is stated that the Canadian baby often suffers from this disease. It begins soon after birth and may not be noticed in infancy or childhood, and yet may do harm all through life. Perhaps you will never know that the baby has rickets until he starts to walk. You think that his legs will be straight and strong like yours and now you see that they are crooked. Doctors have found out that most babies living in cold or temperate climates have rickets. Some have it slightly and some have it severely. This disease generally means late teething, late standing, late walking, weak bones, bow-legs, perhaps a crooked spine or deformed bones. The child may begin to walk and then stop walking. Children that have slight or severe rickets do not grow well or thrive well. They are often backward at school. Their teeth are soft and often decayed. The nervous system is diseased and most of the organs of the body are affected. Children who have rickets, even slightly, are more likely than other children to take colds, bronchitis, convulsions, pneumonia, and other diseases. They often have adenoids and enlarged tonsils. Any disease which they take is more serious to children with rickets than it is to other children.

So now you see why it is important that the sun shines on your babies, your growing children and yourself, but it is not enough to know this. There are some things which must further be impressed upon the mind. The ultra-violet rays of sunlight will not penetrate ordinary window glass. This means that the sunlight which comes into your home through ordinary windows does not carry these health-saving rays. Therefore, you must let the sunlight fall directly upon the skin. The ultra-violet rays of sunlight do "not" penetrate clothing, even the flimsiest clothing. Let me again emphasize the fact that the rays of the sun must fall directly upon the skin. Therefore put the baby outside in the sun as soon as you can. Winter babies if thriving may go out of doors at about six or eight weeks of age at noon when the sun shines and when it is not too cold. Always take very careful precaution to ensure warmth and comfort. Never let the baby get chilled and

always shelter him from the wind. Keep the baby out of doors as long as he is warm and sheltered. Sunlight should be permitted to fall upon his face. Do not, however, subject a child to too much sunlight at once. Start with ten minute exposures and increase these by five minutes a day until the youngster gets a sun bath of an hour or more at a time between eleven o'clock in the morning and one o'clock in the afternoon. In warm weather the surface area of the skin exposed to the sun may be gradually increased. Tanning is a good sign, but painful sunburn should be avoided.

We have some substitutes for sunlight. That is to say some things which produce "Vitamin D." The first and most important of these is Cod Liver Oil, and physicians agree that children in northern climates should be given cod liver oil regularly in the winter time. Another is the Violet Ray lamp. Some of these not sponsored by reliable companies are quite valueless. In purchasing one the advice of your physician should be secured as to its merits, and the advice of your physician should also be followed regarding the length of time of exposure to its rays.

Canada Has Finest Fish

Most Valuable and Most Diversified Fisheries Of The World

"Canada has the most valuable and most diversified fisheries in the world, and properly conserved the future of the fishing industry is assured," Hon. E. N. Rhodes, Dominion Minister of Fisheries, former premier of Nova Scotia, stated recently.

"I think we have the finest oysters in the world too—finer than the American oyster," said the minister. "With most commodities today, the problem is marketing. This is more true of the fishing industry than any other industry I know. We are dealing with a delicate food, a product that must reach the market in a first class condition."

"If we can increase the Canadian market alone by ten pounds of fish per head per year, it will spell the difference between mere existence and prosperity for the fish industry. Immediate object we have in mind is interesting the Canadian public in greater fish consumption."

Mr. Rhodes stated that a fish survey of Canada and the world was being conducted, and that the report would be ready next August.

Taking No Chances

Noted Blacksmith Keeps Anvil-Altar Always With Him

Richard Rensson, the marriage-making blacksmith of Greta Green, Dumfries, Scotland, made his first visit to London a few weeks ago and was so afraid that someone would steal his anvil-altar that he took it along with him.

On his first sightseeing trip he left the anvil at his hotel, but he was so nervous for its safety that thereafter he took it with him wherever he went. The London Mirror said that although the anvil weighed 240 pounds he was able to carry it to and from his taxi, and up and down subway escalators without distress.

He was greatly impressed with London. "But Greta Green is best," he said, "there is more romance there than in all London." He has married more than 90 couples.

Making Life Interesting

Average Person Gets Thrill Out Of Doing Worth-While Things

Young people like to be doing things. A keen student of youth has said that the average young person gets a far greater thrill out of heaving his own pathway through the world than in rolling along in a luxurious car over a roadway that other hands have prepared. But, after all, no one can wholly remove from us all responsibility or fight all our battles for us. Nobody has a right to find life uninteresting or unrewarding who sees within the sphere of his own activity a wrong he can help to remedy, or within himself an evil he can hope to overcome.

The apartment house idea has been successfully applied to chicken housing problems by an ingenious poultry farmer who had only a backyard in which to raise 3,000 chickens.

Panels of glass brick are used in the tower of a New York City apartment building.

Sir Isaac Newton named the colors of the spectrum about sixty years ago.

Tug-of-war is now one of the most popular sports in Italy.

UNIQUE AND COLORFUL



A unique and colorful costume for the young miss. It is of black, white and pink gingham with a white plique. The coat has hand-embroidered scallop edges, and the hat, of plique, is treated in the same manner—exclusive—Associated Press Photo.

Earthquake Waves

Waves Shown To Be Of Two Distinct Varieties

Earthquake vibrations, or waves as recorded at the Dominion Observatory, Department of the Interior, Ottawa, are of four kinds. Waves of two distinct varieties travel along the surface of the earth, penetrating to a depth of only a few miles, and carry with them information about the surface layer through which they have passed. Of even greater interest, however, are the waves which pass through the interior of the earth. They are also of two kinds, known as longitudinal and transverse. The longitudinal waves can pass through gases, liquids or solids, but the transverse vibrations can be propagated through a solid medium only.

Diary Of A College Graduate

June 23, 1930—Graduated today.
June 28, 1930—Looked for a \$10,000 job.
July 20, 1930—Looked for a job at \$100 a week.
August 9, 1930—Looked for any kind of job.
September 2, 1930—Still looking.
September 23, 1930—Went to work for my uncle for \$75 a month.

When aluminum was still regarded as a rare and expensive metal it was called "silver of clay."

People are like money—keep them busy or they'll lose interest.

VISITS HOOVER AT WHITE HOUSE



Hon. Hugh Guthrie (left), Minister of Justice of Canada, with Hume Wrong, Charge d'Affaires at the Canadian legation at Washington, D.C., upon the former's visit recently to White House to pay his respects to President Hoover and his attendance at the eleventh annual banquet of the Federal Bar Association.

Health Insurance Plan

British Columbia May Decide To Inaugurate System

State health insurance, with the cost of medical services for the people of British Columbia figured out at about \$150 per family, will be a recommendation of the Royal Commission on state health insurance.

The information came out in the meeting of the committee on agriculture when Dr. J. J. Gillis, Liberal, of Yale, and a member of the Royal Commission, made reference to the findings of the body, when one of the resolutions of the farmers' institute was being taken up. It concerned travelling clinics and more community nurses for rural districts, to prevent loss of life or permanent injury, which frequently results from lack of skilled aid in many communities of central British Columbia and elsewhere.

The establishment of travelling clinics was another recommendation of the Royal Commission, Dr. Gillis said, and the cost of families over the province, according to their report, was fixed at from \$150 to \$180. The report of the commission is expected to be brought before the legislature during the next session.

Hatchery Approval Grows

Number Of Commercial Hatcheries Have Entered Under Scheme

Having its third year in operation the Hatchery Approval Policy of the Dominion Department of Agriculture shows a record expansion in the number of commercial hatcheries entered under the scheme. In 1929 there were 18 hatcheries entered in approval and in 1930 the number was 48. The total this year stands at 109, an increase of 61 for the hatching season of 1931. It is from these hatcheries alone that approved flocks are supplied. Their product is known and sold as "Approved" because of strict government supervision from the flock producing the eggs which supply the hatcheries to the baby chicks delivered to the farmer.

Grief Kills Ancient Servitor

Could Not Survive Sale Of Master's Family Treasures

Grief over sale of the family effects of Glencke Castle, at Potsdam, Germany, was believed to have killed Conrad Metzel, 84, Prince Friedrich Leopold Hohenzollern's faithful major-domo for 56 years. The ancient servitor was heard recently to say he could not survive the "plebeian treatment" of the princely furnishings, to each piece of which he was deeply attached. Heart-broken at the sale, he took to his bed and died.

British Columbia Apples

Committee of direction figures on apple shipments from the Okanagan from the 1930 crop, up to January 31st, show 2,174,458 boxes having been shipped to the Canadian markets, compared with 2,013,003 boxes for the similar period of the previous year.

A Creature Of Habit

Horses Adapt Themselves Slowly To New Conditions and Change Of Food

The horse has been described by a prominent authority as a creature of habit and there is probably no point which should be kept more carefully in mind in connection with this fact than the fact that he adapts himself slowly to a change, whether it be his living or working conditions or more particularly a change in the accustomed routine of his feed.

Few of us expect to take a team out in the spring and subject them to a full day's work such as might have been expected of them at the close of the fall plowing season. There are two reasons for this, the first one being that the muscles require hardening up, and the second one, though not so generally recognized, is that it takes the horse some few days to adapt himself generally to the new conditions following a winter in the stable.

But much as we recognize the fact that it takes a horse some little time to make adaptations to changes of a physical nature we are often inclined to forget that it is even more important to make gradual changes in the feed ratios of the horse because of this peculiar objection to change of any sudden nature. The hay runs low in another month or so and without warning we increase the grain and shift to oat straw; the season for spring work approaches and another change is made back to hay. Few of us realize that the peculiar nature of the horse makes such changes quite as detrimental, as a full day of plowing on the first spring day out of the stable.

We would not be farmers if we did not have to change feed allowances from time to time and there are a wide variety of farm feeds which the horse can use to advantage, but the changes should be made gradually. More than one feed has been changed by a farmer as a feed for horses simply because he thought Dobbin should become accustomed to it on the first day.

Tree Has Many Uses

Paw-Paw Trees Furnish Food, Medicine, and Soap

Papaya, or paw-paw tree, which grows in the tropical jungles of South America, are put to various uses. They are versatile in that they furnish food, medicine and soap. The Field Museum of Natural History, in Chicago, which has one of these trees in its botany exhibit, states emphatically that the tree is not to be regarded as a link between the animal and vegetable worlds. The tropical paw-paw tree is described as an old-looking affair, tapering from the base of the stem to a height of about twenty feet. It exudes a peculiar juice which, rubbed on meat will make the toughest beefsteak as tender as venison. The natives living in the districts where paw-paw tree abounds use the juice for this purpose. The juice is an acid, milky substance and has medicinal value. The seeds are used as an effective vermifuge or worm destroyer. Furthermore, the tree has a delicious fruit. It is large, pulpy, oblong in shape, and has a heavy rind.

Growing Beautiful Flowers

Amateur Gardener Should Get Full Information On The Subject

This is the time of the year when the interest of the amateur gardener turns to the seed catalogue with its attractive and amazing variety of colour-plate displays of beautiful flowers in all the glorious beauty of full bloom, but there is a world of difference between the attractive display of the coloured plate and the result one gets in the garden. That is why anyone contemplating investment in a flower garden this year should take the trouble to get the report of the Dominion Experimental Farm or Station serving his district. Horticulture in all its varying phases is a specialty with this branch of the Department of Agriculture. Valuable information as to the adaptability of varieties, their ability to thrive under local conditions, and the best methods of cultivation, are points dealt with in these reports. It would also be well to have the report of the Dominion Horticulturist. These are available without charge on application to the Publication Branch of the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa.

Winnipeg Building Permits

According to H. P. Crabb, president of the Winnipeg Real Estate Board, Winnipeg, building permits, although lower in 1930 than in 1929, maintained the average for the past five years.

Would Boost Wheat Sales

Mayor Webb, Of Winnipeg, Finds New Method Of Disposing Of Surplus Wheat

New fields of consumption for Canadian wheat are being probed by Mayor Ralph Webb, of Winnipeg. In a recent statement his worship declared that he had taken steps to return to Canada the unleavened bread industry, now practically controlled by United States.

"From 500,000 to 550,000 bushels of wheat are used in United States every year for the manufacture of unleavened bread," Mayor Webb stated. "Canada's wheat is every bit as good and the opening of this new field would be a great benefit in relieving the present wheat congestion in the Dominion."

Mayor Webb stated that he had informed Hon. Robert Weir, Minister of Agriculture, of the great possibilities in the manufacture of unleavened bread. The mayor told Mr. Weir that United States at present was manufacturing this bread from their own wheat and then shipping it into Canada for consumption.

"It would aid the farmer," Mayor Webb stated, "if the manufacture of unleavened bread from Canadian wheat could be instituted in the Dominion." He added that Mr. Weir had promised investigation of this new industry with the view of commencing operations in the Dominion.

"The Winnipeg mayor added that he had stumbled upon this subject quite unexpectedly. In the city of Winnipeg, he continued, a plant for the manufacture of this bread was under construction and it was his aim to obtain all the protection possible from the government for this Canadian industry. Years ago a factory was built in Toronto, he said, but a Cincinnati, Ohio, concern had purchased the Toronto plant, which was now closed, while the Cincinnati firm was operating in the American city, manufacturing on a large scale.

Manufacture of unleavened bread within the Dominion from Canadian wheat would mean a new channel for consumption for more than 500,000 bushels yearly, Mayor Webb concluded.

Transfer Of Live Salmon

Adult Salmon Have Been Successfully Removed From One Stream To Another

The problem of stocking spawning areas in British Columbia which have become depleted through the construction of dams and other works connected with hydro-electric development has been tackled in a novel and highly successful manner by the Fish Culture Division of the Dominion Department of Fisheries. One thousand six hundred and ninety-one adult sockeye salmon were taken at the mouth of Adams River, placed in tanks and pontoons, and transferred to Scotch Creek. Not a single fish died during the transfer, and all on entering Scotch Creek straightway headed for the upper reaches to commence process of reproduction. It is expected that the successive runs of adult fish will build up a stock in those waters.

States Government Policy

The provincial government accepts responsibility of formulating a policy regarding registration at the University of British Columbia and requests that no more students be enrolled than the buildings can accommodate with efficiency. Hon. Joshua Hinchcliffe, Minister of Education, stated before the university senate at a conference.

Dull Paint Lasts Longest

Dull paints last longer than glossy ones, the Toronto Paint and Varnish Club was told recently by Glenn H. Pickard, of Chicago, consulting chemist and paint expert. Pickard explained that higher concentration of pigment volume in paint decreases its oil content, which determines its life.



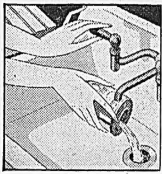
"Only let out three days ago and I find you back for six weeks?" "Yes, just for a little convalescence,"—Lustige Sachse, Leipzig.



"Why have you such a loathing of your husband?" "He won't drive beyond 40 miles an hour in his car."—Jugend, Munich.

GILLETT'S

cleans the bathroom
in half the usual time



Full strength for Sink Drains



Full strength for the toilet bowl



In solution for general cleaning

Flake Lye

* Lye should never be
dissolved in hot water.

ONE tablespoonful of Gillett's Lye dissolved in a gallon of cold water provides an ideal, safe solution that quickly cleans everything in the bathroom. Use it to wash walls, the floor, in the sink and bathtub... and remember, when you use Gillett's Lye, each is disinfected as well as cleaned with the one operation. Once each week, pour full strength Gillett's Lye down the closet bowl and it will always be clean and free-running.

Gillett's Lye has dozens of other handy household uses. Send for the new FREE Gillett's Lye booklet describing the many ways it will help you with all your cleaning.

GILLETT'S Lye "Eats Dirt"

THE DUSTY HIGHWAY

— BY —
CHRISTINE WHITING
PARMENTER
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CHAPTER XII.

"I'll tell you about it now, Gay, if you'll listen."

It was three weeks later. Nick, dressed for the first time, lay in a lounging chair on the porch, while Gay sat beside him, her usually busy hands idle in her lap—her eyes on the babies at play in the sand pile beneath the trees.

"Sure you feel like talking?" she questioned.

"I'll explode if I don't talk! The way you've bullied me into keeping my mouth shut when there's so much to say, and you must have been thinking such abominable things of me."

Gay laughed.

"I never thought anything abominable at all—that is," she added honestly, "after the first minute when Julie told me that you and Mrs. Halliday had gone alone."

"What did you think then, Gay?" she reached for his hand, as if in atonement for her disloyalty.

"For just a second, Nick, I wondered if you'd deceived me. And then I was ashamed, horribly ashamed to have had such a thought. I knew almost at once that there was some mistake—something you'd explain when you got home. Even when the whole night passed without you, I didn't distrust you again. I told Mr. Halliday that no harm would come to his wife through you."

Nick kissed her hand. His voice was husky when he said: "I wonder how many wives would give a man the benefit of the doubt at such a time."

"But there was no doubt, Nick, af-

ter that first moment. Would you have doubted me?"

He smiled.

"My dear, I wouldn't doubt you if you were gone a week! But that's different. Look here! I want to tell you everything. Of course I didn't misrepresent things, Gay. It was just as I said over the phone. Halliday went to Boston Friday morning, and that afternoon his wife called me up at the bank and asked if I'd dine there. She didn't say he was away, but I suppose I'd have gone in any case. The idea of needing a chaperone didn't strike me. It doesn't yet. If Halliday were alone and you asked him to dine some night when I was out, do you suppose I'd mind? Her asking me was just a neighborly thing to do."

"After dinner she sang, and I tell you, Gay, it was some treat! She sang a lot of the old songs my mother used to sing—Schubert, and Mendelssohn, and some Irish ballads; and ended with that Gypsy thing she sang the night you cried. Do you remember?"

Gay nodded. Would she ever forget? And Nick went on: "We talked a while after that, and she asked about the road to Mason's Falls—said she expected friends for the weekend, and wanted to take them on a good trip. I wondered a little that she should have company at such a time. For all my Gypsy instincts, dear, I'm a Puritan in certain ways. I think she felt my disapproval, for she made a sort of explanation."

Nick paused a moment, then went on quietly: "Gay, I'm sorry for that little woman. Evidently her husband's people don't like her. I gathered that the mother-in-law especially, well, made her uncomfortable. She said she couldn't bring herself to go to the funeral, and that Halliday understood, and would prefer that she shouldn't mope round all day and be unhappy. I thought it was rather plucky of her to try and forget things. I could see she was all cut up."

Gay drew a sudden breath.

"Nick, I don't wish to seem uncharitable, but Julie told me that she heard Mr. Halliday beg his wife to go with him."

"Well, she must have heard wrong then. Mrs. Halliday said distinctly that he didn't want her to. That's not our affair anyway; but—Did you speak, Gay?"

"No," said Gay quietly. "Go on."

"She got out a road map and she showed her the route, and warned her about those hills above Anton Bay. She said that she was a bit nervous about driving, and wished she could find someone for a chauffeur. I suggested Sam Hilton, but she thought they'd have a better time without a stranger along; and then the idea popped into her head to ask me. She said she didn't see why it hadn't occurred to her in the first place."

Gay said, as he paused again: "Aren't you talking too long, dear?"

"No, Madam, I'm not." He smiled.

"I want to get it off my chest. I hesitate about accepting, of course, because my plans were all made to go to you; but as I looked at those maps, Gay, I—well, I was crazy to go! I don't mean that I didn't want you and the boys, too, but—"

"But you wanted the broad highway more?" Gay questioned as he hesitated. "I'll admit, Nick, that the broad highway, with a woman as pretty as Mrs. Halliday thrown in, would weigh rather heavily in the balance against a tired-out wife and—"

"Gay!"

His voice was reproachful, and she laughed, though the laugh was tremulous.

"I was only teasing you, Nick."

"The pretty woman had nothing

whatever to do with it," he affirmed sternly. "I'm not adamant before those eyes, no fellow with any red blood in his veins would be; but I knew another pair of eyes—well—I've told you all about those hundreds of times. They're the most beautiful eyes in the world. Now are you satisfied? It was the road that called me, Gay. I suppose it always will. And I remembered your making me promise to tell you if ever I wanted more freedom. It didn't seem a lot to ask when you were coming Wednesday anyway. I don't believe, honestly, dear, I don't believe if I hadn't known you were coming soon, that the road would have called at all, compared with the call of my precious family. But you were coming, and it seemed a chance to satisfy my craving for a change, and to do a kindness to a neighbor at the same time. So—I telephoned."

"I was terribly disappointed," Gay admitted.

"I knew you were. It made me feel like a snicker—while you were talking; and yet, I didn't think I was unreasonable."

"You weren't, of course. I'm just too silly about you, Nick."

He smiled and said: "Keep on that way, my dear."

"Have you forgotten your story?" she reminded him after a minute.

"I had, for the time being. When, after putting up with his shortcomings for four long years, a man's wife confesses that she's silly about him, it goes to his head. And I suppose all this time you're wondering about those guests of Mrs. Halliday's. The truth is, they disappointed her. I didn't see her again till Sunday. I was at the Maxwell's Saturday. Jay called up at noon—said she heard I wasn't going to State Line, and asked if I'd hike with her up Ragged Mountain, and go back to supper there. She was just home and wanted news of you and the kiddies. I had a bully time, and stayed till nearly eleven."

"But—how did you happen to go Mason's Falls if Mrs. Halliday's friends didn't come? I thought she was taking the trip on her account."

"She was, but she had everything ready, lunch and all, when the message came. I could see she was disappointed, and so was I. When she asked if it would bore me to go with her alone—and if you'd disapprove, well, I suppose I jumped at the chance. I thought we'd be back by five at the very latest, and I knew that you'd be the last one to object. It never occurred to me that Halliday would mind—I mean, mind her going alone with me; and it did seem foolish to give up the trip at that hour; so we went." His face sobered suddenly. "I wish to God we hadn't."

Gay sat still for a moment; then said: "Nick do you remember stopping at a railroad crossing while a freight went by?"

His eyes widened with surprise.

"Why—how did you know? I remember because it was there we ran into a funeral, a rather lonely affair with only one shabby hack. For a moment I feared it would bring things back to Mrs. Halliday and make her sad; but it didn't. She thought it rather a joke on us to run into a hearse when we were off a pleasuring."

"(To Be Continued.)"

Strange Himalayan Race

High in the Himalayan Mountains there is a mysterious tribe of people living in caves and having no contact with civilization. Little is known about them except that they are, according to the inscriptions on their ancient Chinese origin. Their years are nine months long, and many of the members of the tribe are 150 years old.

Corns Quick Relief!

PUTNAM'S Corn Extractor

High in the Himalayan Mountains there is a mysterious tribe of people living in caves and having no contact with civilization. Little is known about them except that they are, according to the inscriptions on their ancient Chinese origin. Their years are nine months long, and many of the members of the tribe are 150 years old.

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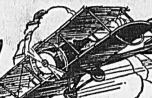
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Corns Quick Relief!

The ADVENTURES of CAPTAIN JIMMY and his Dog SCOTTIE



Well, boys and girls, so many queer things have happened to us while flying about the world during the last few months, that we just have to tell you the story of our adventures. Some day, perhaps you'll fly over strange countries, too; countries filled with savage tribes and wild animals, and a thousand interesting things one never dreams of while sitting at home.

Perhaps you'll fly above the clouds at times and look down on them billowing and rolling beneath the wings of your plane. Just in the sunset, and away down below you'll see great flocks of warblers in their harbors, so far down that they look like toy boats floating on the rim of a bathtub.

At other times you'll fly over black tropical forests and follow the white track of unknown rivers under the light of a huge bright moon—wonderful, dangerous forests where crocodiles lurk in the swamps and tigers and leopards hunt through the living night, while blue faced monkeys swing and jabber in the trees.

You'll see these things, and a thousand more, and of course you'll want to tell the boys and girls you know all about your adventures. Just like I am going to tell you mine.

Most of the boys and girls I know call me Captain Jimmy and I know call me Captain Jimmy. While my real name is Captain James Harworth Newberry, only the grown-ups call me that. We fly a Vickers plane. By the way, I mean Scottie and myself. Scottie is one of those plain whistlers dogs known as Scotch Terriers. He looks like an animated black brush, and he has never won a blue ribbon or a prize yet, for sheer personality, he's a dog show star.

Scottie is the first mate and the crew—and what a crew he makes. Anyway, I found that when he was only about six weeks old, he and he and I mean Scottie and myself, Scottie is one of those plain whistlers dogs known as Scotch Terriers. He looks like an animated black brush, and he has never won a blue ribbon or a prize yet, for sheer personality, he's a dog show star.

As we flew over the foothills, the scenery became more beautiful. Wooded slopes, cool ravines, and here and there an open valley where the lonely cabin of some homesteader or prospector stood alone in the cover of the woods. We could see the mountain peaks and the sunlit country below.

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Borden's Chocolate Malted Milk

The health-giving, delicious drink for children and grown-ups. . . . Pound and half pound tins at your grocers

Canada's Leather Industry

The capital investment of the leather industry in Canada in 1929 had a total value of \$27,059,201.

Wretched From Asthma. Strength of body and vigor of mind are inevitably impaired by the visitations of asthma. Who can live under the cloud of recurring attacks and keep body and mind at their full efficiency? Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy distills the cloud by removing the cause. It does relieve. It does restore the sufferer to normal bodily trim and mental happiness.

"In time of trial," inquired the speaker, "what brings us the greatest comfort?"

"An acquittal," interrupted a man at the back of the hall.

Says Depression On Wane

Hon. Gideon Robertson, Minister of Labor, told an audience of women at Montreal, that depression was on the wane and that by May or June this year would be more generally evident. The minister was addressing the Montreal Women's club and reviewed in detail the working out of the Federal Government's grant to provinces and municipalities to facilitate public works in the interest of the unemployed.

Distemper responds quickly to Douglas's Egyptian Liniment. Keep a bottle handy in the stable.

Twenty-five ships were launched from Belfast, Ireland, shipyards in 1930 as compared with 18 in 1929.



SAFE For NEURALGIA

Prompt relief from HEADACHES, LUMBAGO, COLDS, SORE THROAT, RHEUMATISM, NEURITIS, NEURALGIA, ACES and PAINS



DOES NOT HARM THE HEART

ASPIRIN

Trade-Mark Reg. Accept only "Aspirin" package which contains proven directions. Handy "Aspirin" boxes of 12 tablets. Also bottles of 24 and 100—All druggists. (Made in Canada)



Daughter Is Stronger Now

"My daughter Catherine is fifteen years old. She was very irregular, often sick at her stomach and had to stay in bed two or three days at a time. One of your booklets was sent to us by mail so I got her a bottle of Vegetable Compound. Catherine has been taking it regularly and she is gaining in weight and every way. I told the neighbors and four other girls are taking it with good results."—Mrs. Clarence Jenkinson, Box 14, Thornloe, Ontario.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

W. N. U. 1879

The Chinook Advance

Published by Mrs. M. C. Nicholson every Thursday afternoon from The Advance Building, Main Street, Chinook, Alberta, and entered in the postoffice as second class mail matter. All letters addressed to the editor for insertion in The Advance, must be signed to show bona fides of the writer. Publication in all cases is subject to the judgment of the Publisher. We do not necessarily coincide with views expressed.

The subscription rates to The Advance are \$1.50 per annum in Canada and \$2.00 outside of Canada. The transient advertising rates in The Advance are—display, 40c per inch for first week and 30c for each succeeding week, providing no change is made. For heavy composition an extra charge is made for first week. Reading notices, 10c per count line. Legal advertising, 15c per count line for first week and 10c for each succeeding week. Cards of thanks, \$1.00.

The Advance is a member of the Canadian Weekly Newspapers Association and the Alberta Weekly Newspapers Association, and observes the prices and conditions of these organizations.

Heard Around Town

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Arlie Cliphsham, of Little Gem, on Tuesday, Feb. 24th, a son.

We are glad to report that Mrs. M. L. Chapman is improving rapidly and will soon be around again.

Mrs. Fowler, of Calgary, who is visiting her daughters here, was very ill the first of the week, but recovering nicely at time of writing.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Young and family were Hanna visitors on Saturday, Miss Margaret Young, of Hanna, returning with them to spend Sunday at home.

Mrs. C. W. Rideout and daughter Audrey, who have been in Calgary for over a month, returned on Friday. Audrey, who was in hospital, seems quite herself again.

The regular monthly meeting of the Ladies' Aid will be held at the home of Mrs. Meade on Wednesday March 11th. Mrs. Meade and Mrs. P. Peterson, joint hostesses.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Connell, of the Acadia Hotel, who went on a motor trip last week, taking in Calgary, Lacombe and Edmonton, returned on Sunday. They report having had a most delightful time.

The same fine warm weather which we have had during the whole winter was broken with a bad dust storm on Tuesday evening and was followed by a light flurry of snow Wednesday, which soon disappeared.

A very pleasant surprise party was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. McIntosh last Friday evening, where about forty friends and neighbors gathered. The evening was spent in dancing and games. At the close a fine lunch was served.

H. James spent the week end in Hanna. While there he visited Sidney DeMaere at the hospital. Sidney reported that he was improving fine and hoped to be able to leave the hospital in about two weeks.

The regular meeting of the Ladies' Card Club was held this week at the home of Mrs. R. D. Vanhook. Prizes went to Mrs. Youell and Mrs. Hurley. Next week Mrs. E. E. Jacques will be the hostess.

An organization meeting of the Ladies' Softball Team was held on Friday, Feb. 27th, in the office of the Service Garage. Mrs. Knibbs was elected captain, Mae Peterson secretary-treasurer, and Mr. Murray was re-elected as manager. A name has not been chosen as yet for the team.

A surprise party was held on Friday evening, Feb. 27, when forty young people from the Keystone district met and made merry at the home of Mrs. P. White, Laughlin. One of the most enjoyable times of the season was spent in dancing, song and games until the wee sma' hours.

The School Column

Report for January and February
Grade I

Gordon Marr
Neta Schmidt
James Gilbertson
Lois McLean
George Rosenau
Henry Martens
Helen Pfeiffer
Gerald Jacques
Katy Schmidt
Welda Vathe
Annie Neufeld
Amabel Mayers
Harold Barton

Grade II

Jackie Wright 88
Verna Murray 84
Bobby Proudfoot 82
Peggy Lawrence 82
Harold Rosenau 80
May McLean 78
Freda Milligan 73
Lorraine Saudmann 59

Grade III

Rodney Brodine 86
Edith Dawson 82
Wilbur Mvbre 81
Billie McLean 81
George Marcy 81
Arthur Pfeiffer 77
Maxine Hurley 76
Peter Neufeld 76
Freda Hermann 70
Lester Barton 60

Grade IV

Mary Schmidt 88
Bob Marcy 86
Jim Marcy 84
Sigfred Peters 83
Eileen Proudfoot 78
Marcel Massey 76
Alice Gilbertson 75
Joyce Milligan 71
Jack Lee 70
Agnes Martens 69.4
Rudolph Pfeiffer 69
Isabel Vanhook 67.4
Jack Sandman 67
John Schmidt 64
Everett Vennard 58
George Schmidt 57
William Hermann 56

Audrey Rideout, not classified.

Grade V

Jimmy Proudfoot 86.1
Helena Rosenau 84
Edith McLean 83.7
Harold Dressel 76.5
Robert Sandmann 73.6
Gilbert Gilbertson 70.6
George Dick 68.2
Teddy DeMaere 66.7
Lorna Chapman 65
Evelyn Vennard 64.8
Walter Rosenau 64.7
Virginia Dressel 64.5
Evelyn Dawson 63.1
Johnny Lloyd 59.1
Norman Jacques 44

Grade VI

Kathleen Proudfoot 86
Mildred Brownell 79
Gabrielle Massey 73
Chester Rideout 66
Billie McIntosh 63
Florence Marr 53
Jack Loader 52
Earl Robinson 46

Grade VII

Winnifred Murray 85
Bruce Young 77
Dean Tomkins 66
Ross Sandman 64
Lorna McLean 61.3
William Youell 61.3
Maurice Massey 60
Robert W. Gilbertson 48
Myrtle O'Malley 41

Grade VIII

Keith Wright 88
Gerhard von Riesen 79
Leonard Youell 71
Frank Marcy 69
Raymond Vennard 67
Eunice Bowd 66
Robert McLean 64
Mabel Gilbertson 63
Milton Dressel 61
Lyle Milligan 59
Lester Dressel 58.7
Paul Lloyd 57
Edna Elliot 52
Helen Dawson 51
Fred Vennard 46
Lorne Rideout 39
Grace O'Malley 34

Stuttering

By Dr. H. E. Smith
University of Alberta

One of the most serious handicaps which a child can have imposed upon him is that of speech disorder. The words "imposed upon" are used advisedly, because the great majority of speech difficulties are nothing more than bad habits in the use of language. These bad habits are produced usually by one or more of the following factors: imitation of a stutterer, fear or other emotional difficulties, nervous strain induced by unhappy home conditions or difficulties in school, and laxity of parents in demanding correct and careful articulation on the part of children.

Occasionally a case of stuttering may be due to a change from left-handedness to right-handedness in school work, and still more infrequently it may be due to actual physical defect in the speech mechanism. A medical examination will disclose whether or not the latter condition exists. As regards the former, if handedness is to be changed it should be done early in the child's life and without unpleasant emotional accompaniments. It is somewhat dangerous to change the handedness of a child if practice has already been allowed to establish preference.

Stuttering begins frequently at a time of lowered physical resistance following a long or severe illness, or again at a period of emotional stress as upon the beginning of school or upon first meeting the problems of adolescence. It occurs more commonly in children of a constitutionally nervous temperament who are easily upset by emotional conflicts and who are particularly sensitive to their own difficulties.

Difficult To Cure.
In the beginning stages a cure can usually be effected by attention to the physical condition of a child, by sympathetic inquiry into the social and mental factors involved, and by a removal of some of the nervous strain under which the child is living.

Once stuttering has developed into a habit the affliction can be overcome only through consistent efforts made over a long period of time. The mode of treatment should be left in the hands of someone who is especially trained in dealing with behavior and

speech problems. The usual treatment involves carefully graded exercises for the development of a quiet and serene attitude of mind, for the re-establishment of confidence in the ability to speak, for improvement in visualization of the thoughts to be spoken, and for the retraining in good speech habits. First words are repeated, then phrases, then sentences. Scenes are visualized with eyes closed and are then described. Reading and memory work are done in concert, and only gradually is the child asked to recite orally alone.

Prevention

Very rarely do children "out-grow" speech defects. Stuttering seldom cures itself and indeed is very difficult to cure. The best remedy is prevention. Prevention is in the main possible through the observance of a few elementary principles. Teach the child good speech habits, and begin these at an early age. Do not talk "baby talk." Avoid emotion at outbreaks in the home, and avoid making excessive and unreasonable demands upon the child either at home or in school. Above all, retain the confidence of the child and share with him his emotional experiences.

Cannelling history was made at Quebec recently when the seven Cavale brothers piloted their craft over the ice-dotted waters of the St. Lawrence between Quebec and Lewis in the remarkable time of 9 minutes, 43 seconds, and took first place in the canoe race which was one of the features of the Quebec Winter sports season with headquarters at the Chateau Frontenac.

"Melody Mike", Canadian Pacific Railway radio feature given every Monday night, is not only attracting wide popularity in Canada; the United States also like it and the railway's radio department recently had a letter from a school teacher in Amos, N. Y. state, asking for 50 copies of Melody Mike's Parlor 441,321 songs for distribution among her pupils.

In 1930 the Dominion's gold production was valued at \$12,000,000, an increase of \$2,000,000 over 1929. The capital investment in the mining industry in Canada at the end of 1929, the last year for which complete industrial statistics are available, amounted to \$550,000,000. In that year the industry gave employment to 55,000 men and paid out in salaries and wages \$125,000,000.

The establishment of a \$75,000 marine leg for handling grain at the Ocean Terminals is one part of the programme for the development of the Port of Halifax recommended to the Federal Government recently by the Halifax Board of Harbor Commissioners. This addition, in the opinion of the chairman of the Commission, would attract more shippers and vessels to the port, and would save in one year an amount equal to the cost of the equipment.

Here and There

White Leghorn hen "No. 1000" from Fort Rella, B.C., laid 357 eggs in 265 days, qualifying her as champion egg layer. The eggs weighed 82 pounds, just ten times her own weight.

In the past fiscal year in Nova Scotia there were 121 companies incorporated with total capitalization of \$5,367,000, an increase of 13 new companies over the previous year.

Rt. Hon. R. B. Bennett, Prime Minister of Canada, and a graduate of Dalhousie University of 1893, was recently presented with a leather-bound script conveying recognition and regard of nineteen classmates of the same year.

Theodore H. Kipp, chairman of the Industrial Development Board of Manitoba, reports that since the inception of the Board, Manitoba's industrial payroll has been increased from \$18,000,000 to \$25,000,000.

Miss Margaret Stevenson, of Edmonton, has succeeded to the crown of the next Banff Winter Carnival, following Miss Doris Parkes of Vancouver, last year's Queen. The election was the closing feature of a very successful meet.

W. E. Brissenden, of Montreal, has been appointed Development Engineer, Department of Development, Canadian Pacific Railway. He succeeds G. H. Hunt who was recently promoted to Assistant Director of Development, with headquarters in Winnipeg.

The 42,500-ton Empress of Britain which is scheduled to sail on her maiden voyage to Quebec, May 29, is the largest vessel built in Great Britain since pre-war days and the largest ship plying between British Empire ports. She will also be the largest vessel ever to make a world cruise.

Total increase in railway taxes during the 38 years from 1890 to 1928 in the United States was from \$1 million to 451 million dollars, says Dr. Parmelee, Director, Bureau of Railway Economics. This, he asserts, has had an unfavorable effect both on industries and individuals.

Shoe Repairing

Half Soling - \$1.25
Soling and Heeling 2.00
First Class Work Guaranteed

W. H. Crapper
YOUNGSTOWN.

Church Announcements

CHINOOK UNITED
Sunday School every Sunday 11 a.m.
Sunday, Mar. 8, service at 7:30 p.m.
Come and enjoy the service with us.

Pastor, J. D. Woolliatt, B.A.

Bible study will be held at the A. V. Brodie home on Friday evening, Mar. 6, at 8 o'clock.

CHINOOK CATHOLIC
Service Second Sunday Every Month.
Mass at 9 a.m.

Small Advertisements

Advertisements under this heading are charged at the rate of 50c for 25 words or less per week, with 10c for each additional 5 words. Three weeks for the price of two.

WANTED—The news from every part of the Chinook district. Send it in.

FOR SALE—I have a good bunch of work horses that I will sell at reasonable prices, or will trade for cattle.—Ben C. Howe, Atlee, Alta.

COMPLETE YOUR TRAVEL ARRANGEMENTS
Steamship and Rail Ticket
LOCAL AGENT
CANADIAN NATIONAL
Rail and Steamship Lines

CROCUS LODGE, No. 115, A.F. & A.M. meets at 8 p.m., on Wednesday or after full moon. Visiting brethren cordially welcomed.
R.A. Morrisson, W.M. R. W. Wright, Sec.

W. W. Isbister
General Blacksmith
Coulters and Discs Sharpened
Horse Shoeing and General Wood Work Repairing
ALL WORK GUARANTEED
CHINOOK

King Restaurant
CHINOOK
MEALS AT ALL HOURS
PRIVATE BOOTHS
Cigars, Tobaccos, Soft Drinks, Candies and Ice Cream

Chinook Beauty Parlor
First-Class Work at Reasonable Prices
Shops Closed Every Monday
Miss Mae Peterson, Prop.
Phone 5, CHINOOK

Motor Truck Delivery
Prompt Service, Prices Reasonable
M. L. CHAPMAN, Chinook

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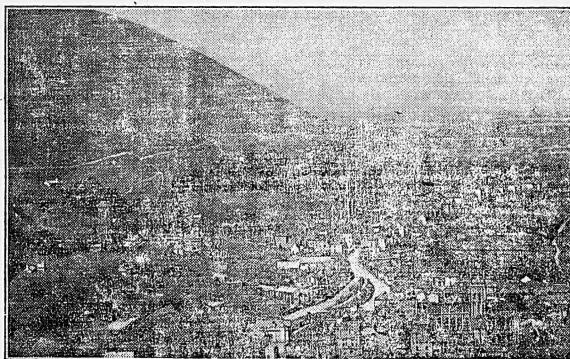
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Malvern Calls To Drama-Lovers



As Malvern's beacon blazed forth the news of the Armada from the little English town,

nestling among the Worcester-shire hills hard against the Welsh border, word goes forth to-day of the keeping alive of the spark of the English drama, faithfully from year to year, by means of the town's Annual Festival. Under the direction of Sir Barry Jackson, this event has become a national institution, even as its companion festival at

Shakespeare's immortal Stratford-upon-Avon. This year's program includes known and unknown English productions dating from the reign of Queen Elizabeth I. George Bernard Shaw, to whom Sir Barry is looking to produce a new play, as the principal item of the bill, as he did "The Apple Cart," at the original Malvern Festival. Investment in the festival runs from August 3 to 22, inclusive, consisting of three repeated weeks of plays and a series of lectures by well-known authorities. Malvern is only 128 miles from London, but Gloucester and Worcester, both cities of considerable size and offering first-class hotels, are within easy reach. The town itself is also making special arrangements for the comfort of visitors during festival time. In addition to this the whole section of England is dotted with villages and small towns with

good accommodation for travellers, and is criss-crossed with railways and excellent automobile roads, in scenery of unsurpassed splendor. Saltings of the Canadian Pacific's "Empress" and "Duchess," from Quebec to Southampton and Montreal to Liverpool, respectively, make excellent connections with the various weeks of the festival at Malvern, and will include the palatial new "Empress of Britain," the biggest and fastest ship in service between British Empire ports.



George Bernard Shaw



Sir Barry Jackson